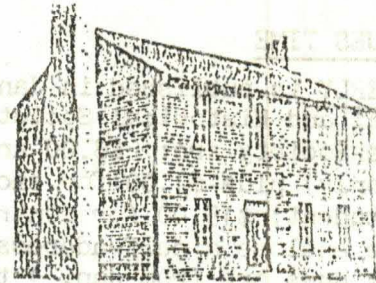


LOGAN COUNTY  
GENEALOGICAL  
AND HISTORICAL  
SOCIETY  
P.O. BOX 283  
LINCOLN, ILL. 62656



Postville Courthouse

**QUARTERLY**

VOLUME X Number 4

FALL QUARTERLY

October, 1988

VOLUME XI Number 1

WINTER QUARTERLY

January, 1989

- PRESIDENT-----Paul E. Gleason, 1621 Rutledge Drive,  
P.O. Box 291, Lincoln, IL 62656 732-4623
- 1st VICE-PRESIDENT and PROGRAM  
CHAIRMAN-----Virginia Johnson, Union St. Road, Lincoln, IL 62656 732-7148
- 2nd VICE-PRESIDENT and MEMBERSHIP  
CHAIRMAN----- Wayne Buse, R.R. 1, Box 13, Chestnut, IL 62518 796-3501
- RECORDING SECRETARY--Lucille Henrichsmeyer, 817 Decatur St., Lincoln, IL 732-4435
- CORRESPONDING SEC.--Cindy Clay, 826 Clinton St., Lincoln, IL 62656 732-4698
- TREASURER-----JANE WHITEMAN, 352 Fifth St., Lincoln, IL 62656 732-8752
- QUARTERLY ASST.  
EDITOR-----Viola Richert, R.R. 1, Box 40, Beason, IL 62512 732-8465

MEETINGS at 7 P.M. until further notice, third Monday in month, at the Oasis,  
Logan County Senior Citizens Center, 501 Pulaski St., Lincoln, Ill., unless  
otherwise specified below.

HOSPITALITY COMMITTEE

Greeters should plan to be at meeting by 6:45 P.M. to welcome members and guests.  
Please mark your calendar and bring a friend.

- Jan. 16---Nova Coseboon  
Feb. 20---Dorothy Gleason
- Mar. 20---Virginia Johnson  
Apr. 17---Paul Gleason

PROGRAMS for 1988

- Oct. 17---Annual County Court House meeting  
Nov. 21---Annual dinner meeting  
Dec. ---No meeting

PROGRAMS for 1989

- Jan. 16---Lucille Henrichsmeyer, Lincoln, Ill., Speaker--Land Records  
Feb. 20---Paul Beaver, Lincoln, Ill., Speaker--Lincoln and the Constitution  
Mar. 20  
Apr. 17---Paul Gleason, Lincoln, Ill., Speaker-- Inauguration of President Bush

NOTICE

As you have probably noticed, this is a combined Quarterly for October, 1988,  
and January, 1989. Due to several circumstances, the October, 1988, Quarterly  
could not be put together and mailed last Fall. Sorry for the delay.

DUES TIME

MEMBERSHIP DUES

DUES TIME

QUARTERLY is published in January, April, July, and October by Logan County Genealogical and Historical Society, P.O. Box 283, Lincoln, IL 62656. Membership dues in the Society are: \$8.00 annually for single members; \$9.00 for family (2 Members only) plus \$1.00 for each additional member in excess of 2 persons; \$5.00 for student; \$15.00 for contributing membership; and Life Membership \$100.00. Please enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope for your membership card. Yearly dues are from Jan. 1 through Dec. 31.

We welcome your Bible and church records, school and court records, family records, and stories, also your ancestor charts. Anyone who has any material they would like to submit for our next Quarterly--April, 1989--please send to Viola Richert, R.R. 1, Box 40, Beason, IL 62512.

Back issues of Quarterlies are \$2.00.

Membership Application is included in this Quarterly on the last sheet.

NEW MEMBERS

We welcome the following new members:

- DRYDEN, Mr. B. Richard, 901 Club View Dr., Dodge City, Ks 67801
- OLSON, Mr. and Mrs. Robert (Norma), Broadwell, IL 62623
- PALMER, Dorothy E., 3424 Spring Creek Road, Decatur, IL 62526
- SHORT, Brenda K., 175 Ninth St., Lincoln, IL 62656
- VAN BOENING, Mr. William Michael, Route 3, Box 272, Bowling Green, MO 63334

REINSTATED

- MARTIN, Mrs. Betty June, 217 N. W. Jayellen, Burleson, TX 76028
- PATTERSON, Mrs. Robert (Shirley M.), 323 S. Morgan, Mason City, IL 62664
- RIDDLE, Mrs. William (Elizabeth), 1721 E. 57th St., Tulsa, OK 74105
- VANNOY, Mrs. Derrell (Nancy), R.R. 1, Box 128, Atlanta, IL 62723

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

- PALUMBO, Sandra J., 4738 Cafe Avenida, Bonita, CA 92002-1504

NEWS OF MEMBERS

CONGRATULATIONS to Ruth Musick of Lincoln who won the 50 States Quilt which was raffled Sept. 25, 1988, by our Society.

LIBRARIAN

Our Society library is in the home of our Librarian, Lucille Henrichsmeyer, 817 Decatur St., Lincoln, Ill. 62656, Phone (217) 732-4435. She has a microfiche reader with microfiche of Illinois Marriages and the Joseph Brown Turner collection from Delaware which includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, N. Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, and Virginia. Also, she has Quarterlies from our Society and other Societies in and out of state, and some books.

The library facilities are available to all members Wednesday afternoons from 2 to 5 P.M. Also, the material available may be used at other times by phoning Lucille for an appointment. It is hoped members will use this material in their research.

"GENEALOGY IS LIKE POTATO SALAD--WHEN YOU SHARE IT WITH OTHERS, IT'S A PICNIC"

Central Illinois Genealogical quarterly--Vol. XXIV, No. 4, Fall, 1988

QUERIES

We invite anyone to place a query in our Quarterly. Queries are free to our Society members, as space permits, and for non-members there is a fee of \$1.00. Please enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope for a reply.

- BOWER RAYMOND J. WILCOXEN, 126 N. 11th Ave., Canton, Ill. 61520, is seeking information on the Bower family. Philip BOWER m. 12-18-1842 to Sarah Jane Pierson b. 11-13-1824, Hamilton Co., Ohio. Philip buried in Belvidere ?, Neb., Sarah in Mason Co., Ill. Children-Mary b. Ohio, m. Charles EMMETT; Hannah b. Ohio, m. Frank DOLL; Jethro T. WILLIS b. 1846 Ohio, m. Emma ROBBINS 12-13-1880; James b. Ohio, m. Martha WILLIS . (at Lincoln, Ill., and Jethro joined Army 1864 at Peoria, Ill.)
- May be 2 more sons, Daniel and Adam BOWER. Any help will be greatly appreciated.
- VAN BOENING Mike Van Boening, Rte. 3, Box 272, Bowling Green, MO 63334, is seeking information on, and particularly locating gravesites of, the following: Klaas/Class VAN BOENING b. 13 Aug. 1843, Canum, Emden, Ostfriesland, Ger., d. 14 Nov. 1872 or 9 Dec. 1872, near Emden, Ill.; Mary JOHNSON aka Marie JANSSEN b. 9-1836, Hanover, Ger., ch. Remmer EVERS JOHNSON b. Ger. about 1865, ch. Johanna EVERS b. Emden, Ill. area about 1870. Mary m. Wilke VAN BOENING about 1874, Emden, Ill., ch. Simon WILKEVAN BOENING b. 5-1875. Elizabeth "Sebet" VAN BOENING nee DIEKEN b. 1813, Hanover, Ger., d. 1876 Ill., m. Simon Egberts VAN BOENING , ch. Klaas and Wilke. Fankel Stikker VAN BOENING b. Hanover, Ger., d. 1868, Ill. Egbert S. VAN BOENING b. 15 May 1837, Hanover, Ger., d. 23 Nov. 1911, Glenvil, NEB. Also, interested in anyone with name of VAN BOENING, STROMER, CLASSEN.
- COWARDIN RUTH MERRICK LECKLEITER, R.R. 2, Brechenridge, MN 65620, is seeking any information on Peter C. COWARDIN and descendants. He was road supt. in 1829 in Logan Co., a J.P. when Logan was a part of Sangamon.
- BOUGHAN RALPH R. PRICE, 1621 Exeter Rd., Westminster, MD 21157, is seeking any information on GG Grfa Berryman BOUGHAN who came to Ill. 1827, m. Sarah Jane LUCAS d. 1837; second wife Bathsheba ? Parents of both?
- BRIGGS BARBARA QUINLIVAN, 807 E. Park St., Emmett, ID 83617, would appreciate any information on James Calvin BRIGGS, son of James and Becky BRIGGS, b. 1864-68?, Lincoln, Ill. Brothers Henry and Wm. from Giles Co., TN, and sister Sarah (Sally)?
- HARMON JONEL SHARP HARMON, 317 North Main St., Henderson, KY 42420, wants information on John HARMON b. Jan., 1824, Jefferson Co., Ill; d. 1910, bur. Blue Grass Cem.; m. Elizabeth ? b. 29 Dec. 1826, d. 19 Dec. 1891. Tuttle Funeral Home had arrangements ?
- DAVIDSON KAREN BARNARD, 4433 80th St. S.W., Mukilteo, WA 98275, is researching the following: Oliver J. DAVIDSON b. ca 1803, N. Jersey; Edward SHASTEEN b. ca 1820, Ohio or Virginia.
- SAMUEL MARTHA L. EVANS, R#2, Box 376, Blue Springs, MO 64015, is researching the families of SAMUEL, LATHAM'S, and ORR.
- LATHAM'S  
ORR
- THARIO/ LEONARD THARIO, 7801 Island Dr. #C, Anchorage, AK 99504, is researching the surname THARIO (THERIO?). Wants to connect John V. THERIO (DIXON) THARIO. Gr Gr grandfather Albert THARIO lived in Wis., b. Maine.
- THERIO  
DIXON



LOGAN COUNTY GENEALOGICAL & HISTORICAL SOCIETY

FINANCIAL REPORT

Year--1988

Balance January 1, 1988

\$768.90

Receipts

Dues--1988	\$364.00	
Dues--1989	74.00	
Dues--1990	9.00	
Contributing Membership	<u>15.00</u>	\$462.00
Donation--Use of Room		17.00
Pioneer Certificates		20.00
Donation--2 Marriage Certificates & 2 Death Certificates		33.00
Memorial Fund--Jessie Eury		15.00
Donation--Paper Cutter and Paper		35.00
Cash Donations		19.50
Donation--Typewriter		5.00
Tickets--Quilt		<u>278.00</u>
Total Receipts		884.50

\$1653.40

DISBURSEMENTS

Programs		\$ 32.00
Membership Cards and Letter Heads		35.15
Subscription--Genealogical Helper		17.00
Donation to Senior Citizens' Center--		
Nine Meetings		135.00
P. O. Box Rent		28.00
Postage Stamps		19.34
Check Returned--Dues paid		8.00
Quarterly Expense:		
Stencils	\$ 17.00	
Ink	67.18	
Postage	187.23	
Envelopes	1.80	
Paper	61.16	
Mimeograph Folders	<u>30.49</u>	364.86
Annual Report to Secretary of State		5.00
*Jessie Eury Memorial Fund		15.00
Paper Cutter and Paper		35.00
Cash Book		3.82
Quilt		100.00
**Harold Stephansen Memorial		<u>10.00</u>
Total Disbursements		808.17
Balance January 1, 1989		\$ 845.23

\*Lincoln Christian College Library

\*\*American Cancer Society

Total Receipts from Sale of Tickets--Quilt	\$278.00
Less Cost of Quilt	<u>100.00</u>
Net Profit	\$178.00

NATURALIZATION RECORDS IN LOGAN COUNTY, ILLINOIS  
SURNAMENES BEGINNING WITH LETTER A

- Abel, Charles--Filed Declaration of Intention on June 2, 1880  
Filed Final Paper on October 11, 1882
- Abicht, Charles--Filed Certificate of Intention on November 26, 1857
- Abramowski, Julian--Filed Declaration of Intention on November 7, 1913  
Date of Birth--February 10, 1874, in Plock, Russia
- Abts, Albert--Declaration and Final Oath filed on November 1, 1884
- Abts, Paul--Declaration and Final Oath filed on October 28, 1884
- Ackerle, Charles--Declaration of Intention filed on April 6, 1886. Petition for  
Final Papers & Final Oath filed on April 10, 1888
- Adam, William--Declaration of Intention filed on June 6, 1874. Final Record of  
Naturalization filed on October 23, 1878
- Adams, John--Petition for Final Papers, Oath of Witnesses, Oath of Allegiance  
and Final Certificate filed on Nov. 1, 1904
- Adams, Thomas--Declaration of Intention filed on April 8, 1868. Final Record  
of Naturalization filed on Oct. 10, 1872
- Adamcsik, George--Petition for Final Papers, Oath of Witnesses & Oath of  
Allegiance filed on October 31, 1904
- Aden, Albert--Final Certificate of Minor filed on April 1, 1889
- Aden, Remmer--Declaration of Intention filed on December 30, 1886. Final  
Record of Naturalization filed on November 22, 1890
- Adolph, J., PH.--Declaration of Intention filed on November 1, 1892. Petition  
for Final Papers & Final Oath filed on Nov. 3, 1894
- Adolph, Peter--Petition and Final Oath filed on May 18, 1892
- Aeilt, Aeilt B.--Naturalization Record of Intention filed on Oct. 19, 1885  
Final Record- October 11, 1888
- Afluger, William--Final Oath filed on August 19, 1882
- Agnew, Cornelius--Declaration of Intention filed on June 17, 1857
- Ahrens, Henry--Declaration of Intention filed on April 18, 1867  
Final Record filed on April 24, 1869
- Ahrens, Henry M.--Declaration of Intention filed on October 28, 1882  
Final Papers on October 28, 1884
- Ahrens, John--Declaration of Intention filed on September 9, 1859  
Final Papers filed on June 5, 1866
- Ahrens, Klaus--Declaration of Intention filed on March 9, 1880. Petition for  
Final Papers & Final Oath filed on March 13, 1882
- Ahrens, Peter--Record of Naturalization filed on July 21, 1866
- Ahronheim, Leobald--Declaration of Intention filed on May 14, 1867
- Akert, John B. Final Record of Naturalization filed on March 27, 1860
- Albers, Klaus--Declaration of Intention filed on January 4, 1876. Final  
Record filed on September 23, 1879
- Albers, Eeme--Declaration of Intention filed on January 25, 1873

NATURALIZATION RECORDS CONTINUED

Albers, John--Declaration of Intention filed on September 18, 1873

Albers, Wicher--Declaration of Intention filed on January 25, 1873

Alberssen, Frederick--Declaration of Intention filed on November 4, 1882

Alberts, Bernhard--Declaration of Intention filed on January 21, 1874  
Final Record filed on November 4, 1876

Alberts, Geerd--Declaration of Intention filed on August 18, 1883  
Final Papers filed on November 1, 1886

Alberts, Gerget--Declaration of Intention fiked on May 14, 1891  
Final Record filed on October 20, 1894

Alberts, Harm Janssen--Declaration of Intention filed on February 12, 1876  
Final Records filed on October 29, 1880

Alberts, Johann Heinerich--Declaration of Intention filed on January 21, 1874  
Final Papers filed September 22, 1876

Albertson, Winderk (Henderk?)--Declaration of Intention filed February 5, 1876  
Final Papers filed March 10, 1879

Albright, Charles--Naturalization Record (Soldier's & Minor's) filed  
October 17, 1866

Aldag, John--Naturalization Record--Minors--filed November 1, 1900

Alder, Henry--Declaration of Intention filed May 16, 1887

Alfer, Peter--Final Papers filed March 22, 1860

Alhers, Wicher--Final Papers filed February 2, 1875

Allinger, Jacob--Declaration of Intention filed October 2, 1871  
Final Papers filed February 4, 1875

Amert, Henry--Petition and Final Oath and Certificate filed September 23, 1902  
(Minor)

Ananias, John--Declaration of Intention filed October 14, 1912. Date of Birth  
Decem er 18, 1877, in Wenzkowen, Germany

Anderson, Augustus--Declaration of Intention filed April 4, 1879

Anderson, John--Declaration of Intention filed February 25, 1882  
Final Papers filed February 25, 1884

Anderson, John--Declaration of Intention filed June 24, 1889

Anderson, John L.--Naturalization Record of Soldiers and Minors  
Filed October 12, 1880

Anderson, Martin--Declaration of Intention filed October 21, 1882  
Final Papers filed April 2, 1887

Andlar, Josef--Declaration of Intention filed March 2, 1920  
Born on March 19, 1892, in Croatia, Austria

Anen, John--Final Papers filed on October 23, 1867

Antoni, Joseph--Declaration of Intention filed on August 13, 1895  
Final Papers filed on February 14, 1898

Antoni, Phillip--Declaration of Intention filed on March 12, 1888  
Final Papers filed on April 1, 1890

NATURALIZATION RECORDS CONTINUED

Aper, Ben--Petition for Final Papers, Oath of Witnesses & Oath of Allegiance of Minor and Final Certificate filed on October 24, 1904

Aper, Harm--Petition for Final Papers, Oath of Witnesses & Oath of Allegiance of Minor filed on October 24, 1904

Aper, Henry C.--Petition & Final Oath and Final Certificate filed on November 3, 1902

Aper, John F.--Declaration of Intention filed on November 3, 1902. Petition for Final Papers, Oath of Witnesses, Oath of Allegiance and Final Certificate filed on

Aper, Unke J.--Declaration of Intention filed on March 25, 1885. Petition for Final Papers & Final Oath filed on April 4, 1887

Apitz, Edwart--Declaration of Intention filed on March 27, 1872. Final Papers filed on October 12, 1874

Arends, Dode--Declaration of Intention filed on July 8, 1874. Final Papers filed on October 4, 1876

Arends, George Janssen--Declaration of Intention filed on January 16, 1872. Final Papers filed on February 3, 1876

Arends, John--Naturalization Record--Minors--Filed on October 23, 1880

Arends, Menno--Naturalization Record--Soldiers and Minors--filed on October 12, 1880

Arendt, Loue--Declaration of Intention filed November 3, 1882. Final Papers filed on November 3, 1884

Arhelger (Arhelyer)--Final Papers filed on January 24, 1878

Arkebaner, Theodore--Naturalization Record--Soldiers & Minors--Filed on January 24, 1876

Armbrust, Andreas--Declaration of Intention filed on June 14, 1863. Final Papers filed on October 16, 1866

Armbrust, Jacob--Declaration of Intention filed on September 5, 1860. Final Papers filed on April 16, 1864

Armbruster, Karl--Declaration of Intention filed on March 30, 1889. Final Papers filed on April 4, 1891

Armstrong, Adam--Naturalization Record of Soldiers & Minors--Filed on October 18, 1872

Armstrong, Andrew--Declaration of Intention filed on September 8, 1866. Final Papers filed on October 6, 1868

Armstrong, Andrew--Naturalization Record of Soldiers & Minors--filed on October 7, 1875

Armstrong, Hugh--Final Papers filed on October 28, 1863

Armstrong, James--Naturalization Record of Soldiers & Minors--Filed on October 27, 1869

Armstrong, John--Naturalization Record of Soldiers and Minors-- Filed on October 18, 1872

Armstrong, William--Final Papers filed on October 21, 1862

NATURALIZATION RECORDS CONTINUED

- Arndt, Christoph--Declaration of Intention filed on November 27, 1872  
Final Papers filed on September 25, 1875
- Arndt, Gustav--Naturalization Record- Intention filed on April 8, 1898  
Final Papers filed on October 17, 1900
- Arndt, Lewis--Naturalization Record-Soldiers & Minors-Filed on October 4, 1880
- Arndt, Rudolph--Naturalization Record of Soldiers & Minors-  
Filed on September 25, 1880
- Arnold, Gottlob--Certificate of Intention filed on October 1, 1858  
Final Oath & Court Order
- Arnold, Nicholas--Declaration of Intention filed on March 6, 1872  
Final Papers filed on September 20, 1876
- Auer, John--Declaration of Intention filed on August 29, 1865
- Auer, Phillip--Declaration of Intention filed on (NO FILE MARK)
- Aughton, Robert--Declaration of Intention filed on January 24, 1887  
Final Papers filed on September 10, 1890
- Awe, Christian--Naturalization Record of Soldiers & Minors-February 3, 1876
- Awe, Frank--Naturalization Record of Minors-filed November 1, 1890
- Awe, Fritz--Declaration of Intention filed on March 5, 1887  
Final Papers filed on March 1, 1890
- Awe, John--Declaration of Intention filed on March 30, 1875  
Final Papers filed on September 26, 1877

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INDEX TO THE WAR OF 1812 PENSION FILES  
ILLINOIS STATE ARCHIVES

The Illinois State Archives has recently acquired 102 rolls of film index to War of 1812 pension application files found in the National Archives. Each frame of the film shows the face of an envelope which gives the name of the veteran; the name of his widow, if any; service data; pension application and certificate numbers; and/or a bounty land warrant application number, if any. Copies of the relevant documents in the envelope may be obtained by writing to the National Archives.

The State Archives staff will search the index in response to mail requests and send a photocopy of the envelope face, if found. A bill of fifty cents for each sheet will be sent along with the photocopies. Requests to search the index may be sent to the Illinois State Archives, Springfield, Illinois 62756.

Copies of this film index are also in the Illinois State Library, Centennial Building, Springfield, Illinois 62756 and the Shawnee Library System, Greenbriar Road, Carterville, Illinois 62918. Both of these libraries participate in the inter-library loan service. To determine the correct films to be sent, your librarian should indicate the surnames to be searched.

Lowell M. Volkel, Illinois State Archives

I.S.G.S. - Newsletter - Vol. 9, Numbers 7 & 8, July/August 1988

LOGAN COUNTY  
ILLINOIS  
ONE HUNDRED FIFTY YEARS

February 5, 1839

February 5, 1989

February 5, 1989 marks the one hundred fiftieth anniversary of the founding of Logan County, Illinois. Logan County is located in the very heart of Illinois and contains 618 square miles and divided into seventeen townships.

Population for Logan County as reported by the U.S. Census Bureau for the early years is as follows: 1840 - 2,333; 1850 - 5,128; 1860 - 14,272; 1870 - 23,053; 1880 - 25,041; 1890 - 25,489; 1900 - 28,680 and 1910 - 30,216. In 1850 there were 246 foreign born residents predominately German and some Irish. There were 844 families and 835 dwelling houses.

Logan County has very fertile soil and agriculture is its main industry. Indians once roamed the prairie land of what is now Logan County. By 1812 the Kickapoo had become a fixture along the Salt, Kickapoo and Sugar Creeks in the area. Villages were established on Kickapoo Creek and at Elkhart Grove (Elkhart, Illinois).

Mrs. James Gilham and her children were undoubtedly the first white people to set foot on Logan County soil. They had been captured by the Kickapoo in Kentucky and after a long journey of many hardships finally arrived at the Kickapoo village situated on Salt Creek, northeast of Elkhart Grove in what was then Sangamon County, now a part of Logan.

From Indian history it is fairly sure that the principal Kickapoo Indian town was in Logan County and located on Salt Creek slightly west of the Lincoln Chautauqua grounds. (This area is now Memorial Park in Lincoln, Illinois.) The beginning of the end of the Kickapoo in this area was July 30, 1819, when they ceded all of their land to the United States, some ten million acres for which they were to receive \$2000 in silver annually for fifteen years. Proclamation of the treaty was on January 15, 1821. By 1822 only about 400 Kickapoo remained in Illinois.

Probably the most conspicuous physical landscape in Logan County is that of Elkhart Hill, covered with virgin timber and marking the extreme limit of one of the prehistoric moraines. The first settlement by a white man was by James Latham on Elkhart Hill in the spring of 1819. Soon after came the second settlement on Sugar Creek, both twenty years before the county was formed and just one year after Illinois became a state in 1818.

Sangamon County was created January 30, 1821 and it contained all of what is now Logan County. The government land office was established in Springfield in 1823 and the first sale of land in central Illinois went to James Latham in 1824.

Robert Musick settled on Sugar Creek in the same year as Mr. Latham, one coming in the spring and the other in the fall. "Robert Musick's on Sugar Creek" was one of the old landmarks and was probably close to the old "Edward's trace" which marked the path of Governor Edward's military expedition against the Indians in 1812, and which passed Elkhart Hill west of the present site of Lincoln, Illinois, then north through what is now Logan County to Fort Clark (Peoria), for records show that in 1825 a county road was laid out beginning at Springfield going past Chapman's Ford and Phillip's old store, then by the old trace to Judge Latham's, thence the old road to McClure's Ferry on Salt Creek, then to Robert Musick's on Salt

thence to the county line in a direction to Fort Clark. The reviewers of this road were Robert Musick, Robert McClure and John Buckles.

Shortly after the arrival of the Lath and Musick's came James Turley and his wife and who settled on Salt Creek. He seems to have been the first white settler in the Lake Fork Valley. These three settlements were all close together in point of time.

There were several settlers who came about 1820 but who did not remain permanently. Among these were Ezekiel Hopkins, John Porter, John Stephenson and Aquilla Davis.

The first school was in the home of James Latham in November 1821, Erastus Wright being the first school teacher in Logan County.

The spring of 1822 marked the advent of the ancestors of two well known and numerous Logan County families, the Buckles and the Birks. About the same time they settled on the Lake Fork, the Downings settled on Salt Creek. This was John and Hannah Downing and their sons, Robert and James.

The year 1823 brought a number of settlers. While date on many families have not been preserved, it is known that Henry Lantis and his wife, from Ohio, came to the Sugar Creek settlement in what is now West Lincoln Township. At that time also came the McClure family, Robert, Thomas, James and Samuel. In 1824 Robert McClure established what became the first ferry in Logan County. James and Robert Bracken seem to have been the first settlers in the western part of the county. William Long and William McGraw also were active in county settlement. Boston Finders and his wife, Sarah, came. His wife is said to have been the first white death in the area and she was buried in a hollowed out walnut log.

Samuel Musick came about 1823 and settled about a mile and a half north of the present site of Middletown. In 1824, Walter Dillon settled near Samuel Musick, and in the early part of 1825 William Everly located in the Birks settlement on the Lake Fork. Later came the Bowmans, Abraham, Hiram and Elizabeth, from Ohio. Hiram Bowman was a Baptist minister, settling near the present site of Atlanta. Thomas Briggs came about 1825 and settled in what is now Broadwell Township, his brother, Charles, coming a few years later. About the same time came Montgomery Warrick, a native of Virginia.

In 1826 came Matthew and Polly Robb to West Lincoln Township, then came the Laughery's, John Burns from Virginia, John Turner and wife and John Vandeventer and his wife, Polly, settled in the Lake Fork area. John Vandeventer erected a mill on Salt Creek in the southwestern part of what is now Chester township.

Probably the first settlement in East Lincoln Township was that of Levi Johnson in the fall of 1826, his claim being north of the city of Lincoln. The first settlement in Eminence Township on the northern edge of the county was that of the Orendorff's, Christopher, Benjamin, Joseph. Samuel B. Ewing, Archey Brien, Robert Hanna and William Burt were early settlers in this area. Christopher Orendorff built the famous "Orendorff's Mill" known to three generations of Logan County people.

The Critz family settled in Broadwell Township in 1827. Berryman Boughan was another settler in this area in 1826 or 1827. William H. Boughan and his wife Catherine, came in 1827.

The first settlement in Atlanta Township was made in 1826 or 1827 by John Hoblit, Benjamin Shipley, John Barr, Andrew E. Davis, Adam Stevens and others. Prettyman Marvel and wife settled on the eastern edge of the county, coming from Indiana.

Another numerous and well known family in the Lake Fork country in 1828 was the Lucas family. Abraham and Marcey (Kelsey) Lucas came from Ohio. They were the parents of six sons and six daughters. The sons were Joseph, Thomas, James, Jesse, John and Jabez. Joseph Lucas settled in West Lincoln Township. Sarah Lucas married William Copeland; Mary Lucas married John Turner; Phoebe Lucas married Solomon Wood; Elizabeth Lucas married Robert Turner; Rhoda Lucas married Samuel Powers, and Jane Lucas married Berryman Boughan. Those of the family coming to Illinois first came to what is now Menard County in 1825 and lived for a time near the present Athens, Illinois. From there they moved to Fancy Prairie in Sangamon County and then to the Lake Fork area in Logan County. The parents remained here until their death and they and several of their children are buried in Steenbergen cemetery, the burial place of many of Logan County early settlers.

Another well known early family was the Scroggin family. Carter Scroggin came to Logan County in 1827. His father, Humphrey Scroggin, was a native of North Carolina. He married Sarah Kirby, a native of Virginia. Humphrey Scroggin served in the Continental Army, enlisting at the age of seventeen and serving through the Revolution, and was present and witnessed the surrender of the British army at Yorktown. He brought his family to southern Illinois in 1811 when it was still a part of the Illinois Territory. In 1827 Carter and Phoebe came to what is now Logan County and staked out a claim on the Lake Fork timber about four miles south of present day Mt. Pulaski. Both Carter and his wife are buried in Steenbergen cemetery. They were the parents of the following children: Leonard K., Mary, Russell, Humphrey, Esther, Sarah, Carter, Pleasant, Thomas and Ellen. Many of their children married into other pioneer Logan families. Leonard Kirby Scroggin became the richest man and most extensive landowner in the state.

The Ewing family came from Kentucky and settled in Eminence Township in the northern edge of the county. Michael Mann came with the Hoblit family from Ohio, and organized the first church in Logan County, the Big Grove Baptist church. He was elected the first Probate Judge of Logan County after its organization.

Others coming into the county were Samuel Evans, Philip Suiter, John Reed, Abraham Altic, John Downey, William Copeland, Zachariah Martin, David Sims, Solomon Wood, Eli Fletcher, James and Brooks Randolph, Theodore Lawrence, Alfred and Edmond Sims, John Shoup, Charles Girtman, Hugh Collins and many, many others. (The story of the pioneer experiences of these people would be most interesting to tell if space permitted).

There were only five land entries made in the year 1824. The first was that filed by James Latham on November 18, 1824, on 240 acres in what is now Elkhart Township, being the north portion of Elkhart Hill. On November 19, 1824, Robert Musick entered land on Sugar Creek and Robert McClure on Salt Creek. On November 20 James Bracken entered land in what is now Corwin Township, and on the same day James Turley entered land in the Lake Fork area. On December 4 Henry Lantis entered land on Sugar Creek near the Musick settlement.

Later entries in the territory now included in Logan County townships were:

1825 - James Latham, Broadwell Township;	1827 - Levi Johnson, East Lincoln Twp.
1827 - Christopher Orendorff, Eminence Twp.	1818 - John Barr, Atlanta Township,
1829 - John Vandeventer, Chester Township	1830 - J. Williams, Hiram Watson in
1830 - Samuel Hagans, Sheridan Township	Prairie Creek Township
1834 - Stephen Jones in Oran Township	1835 - Hugh Collins, Lake Fork Twp.
1835 - Henry Dement, Laenna Township	1835 - John Reed, Orvil Township
1835 - Henry Dement, Aetna Township	1835 - Hiram Raymer, Hurlbut Township.

When Sangamon County was created January 30, 1821, it included all of the present Logan County. When Tazewell County was created in 1827 it included all of what is now the present tier of northern townships, they being Prairie Creek, Orvil, Eminence and Atlanta townships. Atlanta Township was at one time a part of McLean County and at another time a part of De Witt County. The Logan County that was created by Legislative Act in 1839 was not the county as we know it today. It was not until some six years later that the present boundary lines were permanently determined.

(The above township locations are given for that purpose only as townships in Logan County were not authorized until March 1867. --Editor)

--HISTORY OF LOGAN COUNTY, ILLINOIS  
Lawrence B. Stringer 1911

#### FORMATION OF LOGAN COUNTY

The first movement toward the formation of Logan County came in 1831. It originated in that part of Sangamon County now known as Menard, then into the part now known as Logan, and then into what is now Christian County. The proposed plan was a division of Sangamon County into four counties, a proposal that brought into public notice a man named Abraham Lincoln. Strong opposition to the division was found in Sangamon County around the Springfield area. Mr. Lincoln, a candidate for the State Legislature in 1832, supported the division and this cost him the election. Two years later he was again a candidate, having just returned from the Black-Hawk War. The separation was not an election issue this year and Mr. Lincoln was elected. In 1838 the county separation again became an issue. Sangamon County was considered to be too large and the county seat being too far from the extreme edge of the county.

The present Logan County area was rather apathetic to the separation idea, but in the other areas it was very strong. A man named John Metcalf was especially active in circulating a petition for separation in this section of the county. On January 7, 1839, John Calhoun, a representative from Sangamon County, presented a "petition of certain citizens of Sangamon County for a division of the county". A second petition was presented on January 9. On January 12 a remonstrance against division was presented; and another on the 14th. Abraham Lincoln served on the "Committee for Counties" and reported a bill for "An Act to Establish the Counties of Menard, Logan and Dane" and which was referred to a select committee of five. On January 18 the committee reported the bill back with certain amendments which were adopted and the bill came up for the third reading. On January 21, 1838 the bill was read a third time and passed by the House. It then went to the Senate where amendments immaterial to Logan County were made and the amendments were concurred by the House. The bill became a law February 5, 1839, and Logan County became a county in her own right, and Postville selected as the county seat, although not by unanimous consent.

The following report of the commissioners is on file in the archives of Sangamon County:

January 3, 1839: We, the subscribers having been appointed commissioners to locate the seat of justice in Logan County, do hereby certify that on the first Monday of May, instant, we met in the town of Postville, in said county of Logan on the public square, known as the new square, and enclosed by blocks number 60, 62, 58 and 68, situated near the center of the east half of the northwest quarter of section number 36, in township twenty, north, range three west of the third principal meridian. Given under our hands and seals this ninth day of May, 1839

Charles Matheny  
Cherney Thomas  
I, the subscriber, dissent from the above location.  
Charles Emmerson

The above document was acknowledged before Stephen Moore, Justice of the Peace.

The first county election occurred on April 1, 1839. The county was divided into two voting precincts, known as the Postville and "Pulaski" districts. The voting places were in the towns of the same name. The election judges were as follows:

Postville--John Wheeler, William Russell and Samuel Evans.

Mt. Pulaski--George W. Turley, William Copeland and John Turner.

Michael Mann was elected first Probate Justice without opposition. The office is equal to that of the present day County Judge, excepting he had no criminal nor common law jurisdiction. Three months later Colby Knapp was appointed to replace Mr. Mann as Probate Justice.

Candidates for sheriff were John Deskins and John Lucas. Mr. Deskins was elected by a vote of 155 to 153. Jabez Capps, of Mt. Pulaski, was the first recorder; Thomas R. Skinner was elected the first surveyor; George B. Lucas the first coronor; Stephen Moore elected Clerk of the Commissioner's Court. Of the six candidates for Commissioners, John Shupe, Elijah Vansandt, Robert Downing, George W. Turley, Peter G. Cowardin and Ezekiel Bowman, the first three were elected.

#### THE NAMING OF LOGAN COUNTY

Logan County was named by A. Braham Lincoln in honor of his friend, Dr. John Logan, father of the soldier and statesman, General John A. Logan. Dr. Logan was an Illinois pioneer, born in 1788 and died in 1852. He was a member of the General Assembly which passed the bill creating Logan County.

Convincing proof of the origin of the name appeared in the Sangamo Journal of Springfield, Illinois, in the February 16, 1839 issue, the next day after the passage of the bill creating Logan County.

"Logan County is named in honor of Dr. John Logan, the present representative from Jackson County, of this state, and an old resident of Illinois". Further proof is found in Moses' "HISTORY OF ILLINOIS?", the Illinois Blue Book and publications of the Illinois Historical Society.

Thus began the early history of Logan County, Illinois.

(To be continued)

HISTORY OF LOGAN COUNTY, ILLINOIS  
Lawrence B. Stringer 1911

#### ----- JAMES LATHAM -----

James Latham was born October 25, 1768 in Loudon County, Virginia, and was of English descent. He emigrated to Kentucky when a young man and was there married, June 21, 1792, to Mary Briggs, born February 3, 1772 and also a native of Virginia. Their family consisted of ten children, all of whom were born in Kentucky. They are as follows:

Elizabeth, better known as "Betsey", the eldest, born November 25, 1783, and married in Kentucky to James Chapman on May 9, 1810.

Lucy, born August 8, 1797; Fanny, who died quite young, Richard, born December 23, 1798; Mary L.; Philip C., born January 25, 1804; Nancy; Maria, born November 4, 1809; John, born September 19, 1812; and Robert B., born June 21, 1818.

In the early part of the year of 1818, the Latham family resided in Union County, Kentucky. Rumors had frequently reached their ears of the great fertility of the "country on the Sangamon". Imbued with the spirit of the pioneer, the Latham family decided to try their fortunes in the Sangamon country of Illinois.

Early in the autumn of 1818, James Chapman and his wife, Elizabeth Latham Chapman, together with her brother, Richard Latham, left Kentucky for Illinois. The first spot which attracted their attention was a location on the north side of the Sangamon (river), near the mouth of Fancy Creek and near where the Chicago and Alton railroad now crosses the Sangamon river. Here they settled and staked out a claim, and here Mr. Chapman established a ferry near Bogue's Mill. Later in the year James Latham came from Kentucky and joined his son and daughter and son-in-law, and with him came Ebenezer Briggs, a near relative of his wife. There were very few settlers in the Sangamon country at the time. Springfield was then unknown, and one of their nearest neighbors was John Kelley, whose cabin was the only one on the site, where the state capitol was later to be.

Considerable snow fell in the winter of 1818, and in January came the usual thaw. The Sangamon bottom overflowed and with it the site of the Latham home. This not being promising for farming, Mr. Latham, his son Richard, and Mr. Briggs decided to move northward in search of a more elevated location.

Being familiar only with timber land, they did not consider the prairie worth while and were looking for a suitable location by a stream. They traveled past the site of the present town of Williamsville and saw in the distance the wooded hill of Elkhart Grove. Arriving at the hill, they explored the timber on the north slope, found a beautiful spring of water, and decided to make this site their home.

Here, in April 1819, they built a cabin, the first ever built in Illinois north of the Sangamon River. They returned to Mr. Chapman's place, brought back some farming tools, and immediately began to plant a crop. Afterwards they built a commodious double log cabin on the edge of the grove. It was one of the best of cabins erected in pioneer days. It was roomy, had a covered porch between the two parts and was the temporary home of many emigrants who later came into the section seeking homes.

As soon as the cabin was completed, James Latham returned to Kentucky and brought back his wife, family and household goods in several large wagons and installed them in the new home, arriving there in the month of September, 1819. The site of the cabin was on the first rise of the hill, on the northern slope, about half way between the foot and brow of the hill. The site was sold to Frances Thompson in 1850, who built a modern residence upon the site. By descent the property passed to Gue F. Thompson, who sold it in 1885 to Governor Oglesby. Mr. Oglesby built a fine residence which later caught fire and was entirely destroyed, with most of the contents.

Having been created in 1821, Sangamon County sought a man of honesty and ability to fill the responsible office of Probate Justice. The early settlers selected James Latham, who filled the office for one term.

In 1823 Mr. Latham and his son, Richard, built a horse mill at Elkhart, and this was the first mill built north of the Sangamon River. This was a great convenience to the early settlers, as they had been compelled to go to Edwardsville a distance of over a hundred miles for their grinding.

On the opening of the government land office in Springfield in 1824, Mr. Latham filed claim for 620 acres in what is now Elkhart township, sections 7 and 13.

In 1824, President John Quincy Adams appointed Mr. Latham to the position of Indian Agent in Peoria (Fort Clark). He moved his family there and they lived there two years. Mr. Latham was taken ill and died on June 5, 1863, in his fifty-eighth year. His remains were brought back to Elkhart and they were interred in the old cemetery on the brow of the hill, above the old home site. The family returned to Elkhart Hill. James' widow, Mary Briggs Latham, lived for nearly twenty years after her husband's death, passing away August 11, 1847. She, too, rests in the cemetery on the hill.

James and Elizabeth Chapman remained on the Sangamon until the spring of 1820, when they moved to the mouth of the Lake Fork and built a cabin there. Two years later they sold it to Jeremiah Birks and moved nearer to Rocky Ford. Elizabeth Chapman died in 1835 and her husband in 1865.

Of the other children of James Latham, Lucy married Grant Blackwell and they returned to Kentucky in 1827, where they both died, leaving one child. Mary L. Latham married John Constant of Springfield. She died there in 1841, leaving four children. Maria Latham married Archibald Constant of Springfield, settling in Springfield, later moving to Elkhart. Maria Constant died in 1863. Mr. Constant is said to have built the first brick house in Logan County, making his own brick and hauling the lumber from Springfield.

Richard Latham came with his father to Logan County in 1819. He entered land in section 18, Elkhart township, on the south side of Elkhart Hill, later known as the Gillette homestead. Here he kept the old "Kentucky House", the stopping place for travelers of the day, especially lawyers who traveled the circuit. Abraham Lincoln was one of them.

About 1821 or 1822, Benjamin Briggs came from Kentucky and settled on Richard Latham's place. Mr. Briggs was a dealer in furs and traveled with John Jacob Astor on his trip from Fort Clark to the Pacific Coast. Mr. Briggs' sister-in-law was Emily Hubbard, and on September 16, 1824, she and Richard Latham were married, this being, if not the first, one of the very first marriages in the county. They had one child and the mother died at Elkhart in 1825. Richard Latham married the second time on November 27, 1828, to Mrs. Margaret Broadwell, of Springfield, widow of William Broadwell, and daughter of John Stephenson. Richard Latham died in Springfield in 1868, and his widow in 1886, and both are buried in the old cemetery on Elkhart Hill.

Robert B. Latham was the youngest of the Latham family and has been closely identified with the history of Logan County. He was one year old when the family came to Elkhart Hill. At the age of 16 he attended school in Springfield, and after a few years there returned to Elkhart and farmed the old Latham place. He was married on November 5, 1846 to Georgianna Gillett, a native of New Haven, Connecticut, and a daughter of John Gillett who lived on Bald Knob. He moved his family to Mt. Pulaski, then the county seat, and was engaged in the real estate business. In 1852, in company with John D. Gillett, he entered between 6000 and 7000 acres of Logan County land. He was employed to secure the right of way for the Chicago and Alton railroad and was one of the founders of the city of Lincoln, Illinois. He was elected to the Legislature in 1860 and in 1862 was appointed Colonel of the 106th Regiment of Illinois Volunteers. He was instrumental in bringing the Champaign and Havana, and the Peoria, Lincoln and Decatur railroads through the county.

The first wife dying in Mt. Pulaski in 1853, Mr. Latham remarried July 24,

1857, to Savilla Wyatt, native of Morgan County. Colonel Latham died April 16, 1864 at the age of 77. Mr. and Mrs. Latham are buried in Latham-Thompson Cemetery in Elkhart, Illinois.

ESTATE OF JAMES LATHAM (Intestate)

Dec. 11, 1826

MARY LATHAM, in Court, saying under oath that the Hon. JAMES LATHAM, late of the town of Peoria, is deceased.

Dec. 11, 1826

The Court ordered that Letters of Administration be granted to RICHARD and MARY LATHAM on the estate of JAMES LATHAM.

Then MARY LATHAM tendered her bond, in the penal sum of \$2000.00 with MARY LATHAM, RICHARD LATHAM, BEN BRIGGS, GRANT BLACKWELL and JNO. HAMLIN as sureties, which being accepted by the Court ordered Letters issued to MARY and RICHARD LATHAM.

Special term

July 19, 1827

RICHARD LATHAM, one of the Administrators of the Estate of JAMES LATHAM, in Court and presented the appraisement of the personal property of the said JAMES LATHAM. The appraisal made by PETER C. COEARDIN, CHARLES TURLEY, and FRANK BLACKWELL, these men duly qualified before James Turley, Esq., Acting Justice of the Peace, in and for Sangamon County. Also an additional appraisement by John Hamlin, John Barker and Henry Nealy, qualified before John L. Bogardus, Esq., Acting Justice of the Peace in and for Peoria County. Also a copy of the Sale Bill in Sangamon County and a supplement to the same in Peoria County. These examined and certified to the satisfaction of the Court.

Appraisement bill and addition amounting to -----	\$1095.10
Sale bill and supplement amounting to -----	\$1024.21

Amounts to be deducted:

One horse and colt taken by widow at the appraisment in lieu of a horse valued at fifty dollars. Also a cow appraised at six dollars which had been disposed of by deceased, previous to his death; all amounting to ----- \$ 56.00  
Leaving a balance in favor of the estate ----- \$ 968.21

Dec. 3, 1827

RICHARD LATHAM, one of the Administrators of the estate of the late JAMES LATHAM in Court and on motion ordered that all demands be presented against the estate on or before the seventh day of January 1828.

Ordered that the notice required by law be given in the Sangamo Spectator for final settlement of the estate of the late JAMES LATHAM, said settlement to take place in the town of Peoria on Monday the seventh day of January next.

January 7, 1828

RICHARD LATHAM, Administrator of the JAMES LATHAM Estate, in Court and exhibited the certificate of H. WARREN, Editor of the Sangamo Spectator, printed at Springfield in Sangamon County, State of Illinois, stating that said Administrator had given the notice required by law for a final settlement of said estate. Also exhibited sundry accounts against said estate for inspection of this Court.

Whereupon it was ordered that Court adjourn till tomorrow at eight o'clock, A.M.

## ROBERT MUSICK

The Robert Musick settlement on Sugar Creek was a close second to that of James Latham. The Musick farm was about fifteen miles north of Middletown. Mrs. Lucinda Carlock of Bloomington, Illinois, and a daughter of Robert Musick, states in a letter to the author (Lawrence B. Stringer) the following:

My father and mother were married in Kentucky. My mother's maiden name was Roach and she was born in Virginia. My father was born in Kentucky and lived there until he was married. They moved to Illinois in the fall of 1819. Another family came with them, but became discouraged and went back. My father and his family lived for six weeks with no white people nearer than Elkhart, and with Indians for nearest neighbors. Father settled seven miles north of Lincoln where he lived and died.

Robert Musick, born April 14, 1792, and his wife, Sarah Musick, born October 3, 1794, came to Logan County in 1819, and there came with them the following children:

Mary, aged seven, Esther, aged five, and familiarly known as "Hettie", and Berry, a child in arms. Seven other children were born in Logan County.

As was customary, Mr. Musick sought a location in the timber, along the banks of a stream. After skirting Sugar Creek for some distance, he finally decided on a location in the northeast corner of what is not West Lincoln Township, where the same corners with East Lincoln, Oran and Eminence Townships. Here he erected a small cabin. He made friends with the Indians round about, being well acquainted with their chiefs. Mr. Musick was a good marksman and frequently challenged the Indians to shoot at a mark. He was much respected by the Indians for his shooting ability.

"Robert Musick's on Sugar Creek" was one of the old landmarks of this section of Illinois because of its early settlement.

Of the children who came with Robert Musick in 1819, the oldest, Mary E... was born November 20, 1812. She was married on April 3, 1820 at Sugar Creek, to Jacob Judy, the first marriage in this settlement and to them eleven children were born. Jacob Judy was born January 9, 1804, and came from Ohio to Tazewell County in 1825. They lived in Tazewell County until coming to Logan in 1862, settling in Eminence Township. Mrs. Judy died December 9, 1885, and Mr. Judy remarried in 1887 and died in September 1903, being four months short of 100 years. Esther Musick, born November 1, 1814, was married to Joseph Ewing, son of Samuel Ewing who came to the county in 1827. Joseph Ewing preceded his wife in death and she later married John W. Hawes (from Kentucky) in 1835. Berry Musick, born December 14, 1818, married Lucinda Brunner in 1840 and lived in Logan County until his death in 1893, leaving seven children. James Musick was born in Logan County January 9, 1821, and died January 8, 1853. He married Sarah Jane Warrick. John Musick, born January 15, 1823, died November 23, 1857. He married Sarah Shores. Henry Musick, born May 6, 1825, died August 6, 1889, and was first married to Jane Ewing, and after her death he married Martha Folsom. George Musick, born October 23, 1827, was in the mercantile business in Postville and was one of the leading citizens. He married Ange Minier. He was elected and served as sheriff for one term. He later lived in Eldorado Springs, Missouri.

Lucinda Musick Carlock was born February 1, 1830 and lived in Bloomington, Ill. Robert Musick was born March 13, 1833 and died in infancy. Fielding Musick was born July 31, 1836, and died March 25, 1904. He married Hannah Simpson, who survived him.

#### JAMES TURLEY

Shortly after the arrival of the Latham and the Musick families, came James Turley and his wife who settled in the Lake Fork country in the southern part of present Logan County. The exact date of Mr. Turley's settlement is not known but he seems to have been the first white settler in the Lake Fork Valley.

James Turley was born in Virginia where he married Agnes Kirby. They first moved to Kentucky carrying their two first born children in baskets swung on each side of a steady pack horse.

Hearing of the "Sangamo Country" and its possibilities, Mr. Turley came to Illinois. He picked out a location in Section 30 of what is now Mt. Pulaski Township, Logan County. It was the location afterwards known as the William R. Buckles farm. Here he staked a claim and built a double log cabin, the first ever built in the Lake Fork country. Sometime after the death of his first wife Mr. Turley married Mrs. Sarah (Hoblit) Lucas, widow of Thomas Lucas. Mrs. Lucas was a sister of John Hoblit who came to the county in 1826, and Thomas Lucas came in 1829.

James Turley was the father of fourteen children. His sons were: David, Samuel, William, Charles, George W., Thomas J., John and James. His daughters were Sarah (Mrs. Joseph Wade, Mrs. Boston Finders), Elizabeth (Mrs. James Cheatham) Nancy (Mrs. John Porter), Lucy, (Mrs. Thomas Jefferson Scroggin), Emily, (Mrs. John Scroggin), Agnes, (Mrs. Abraham Bowman). The parents and several of the children are buried in Carlyle Cemetery in Logan County.

Charles Turley and his wife, Elizabeth Cheatham, came to what is now Logan County in 1823, settling in Elkhart Township. Charles was born and reared in Kentucky and his wife was a native of Greenbrier County, Virginia. Their children, Osbon, Marshall, Grisenda (Mrs. Anthony Ridgeway), Sanford, Erands (Mrs. G.C. Wright), and Charles, Jr. Two children born in Logan County were Perry and David K. Turley.

George W. Turley was born in 1798 near Mt. Sterling,, Kentucky, and was one of the prominent men in the early history of Logan County. He served as a Justice of the Peace from the time of its formation until his death in 1865. He was a teacher and an authority on legal matters before the advent of a lawyer. He was one of the promoters of the city of Mt. Pulaski and built one of the first houses in that town. He entered land in Mt. Pulaski Township in 1828.

He was married to Margaret Scott, and their children were Mrs. M. L. Bean, Mrs. E. A. Parks and Richard E. Turley, who platted several additions to Mt. Pulaski.

Thomas J. Turley was born in Kentucky and came to Illinois with his parents. He married Mary Trotter in 1827 and moved to Sangamon County.

David Turley remained in Kentucky. Samuel Turley married Sarah Cheatham.

Both are buried in Carlyle Cemetery.

Charles Turley married Elizabeth Cheatham and both are said to be buried in Carlyle Cemetery but no stone remains.

William Turley remained in Kentucky. John Turley came to Illinois and died here. James Turley moved to Missouri and died there.

#### HISTORY OF LOGAN COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

Lawrence B. Stringer 1911

On September 13, 1832, James Turley appeared before the Circuit Court of Sangamon County, Illinois and applied for a pension for service in the Revolutionary War, he being then seventy-one years of age.

He stated that he was born in the year 1761 in Fairfax County, Virginia. He served three different tours during the war and was drafted each time. He moved to Henry County, Virginia, in 1778 and lived there fourteen years. He then moved to South Carolina and lived there four years, then to Montgomery County, Kentucky for twenty years, then to Union County for five years and then to Logan County where he lived until his death in 1836.

On 1826 James Turley served on a jury in Sangamon County. During his first years in the Lake Fork country he was frequently appointed road reviewer. On January 20, 1827 the Lake Fork Church of Predestinarian Baptist was organized in the home of James Turley. The seven original members were: James Turley, Agnes Turley, Margaret P. Turley, Charles Barney, James Scott, Carter Scroggin and his wife Phebe.

Agnes Kirby Turley died December 25, 1832, and James Turley died June 4, 1836. Both are said to be buried in Carlyle Cemetery, although no stone marks their grave today. James Turley left no will. His son, George Washington Turley, was administrator of his estate.

#### TURLEY FAMILY RECORDS

Turley Family Historical Research Assn.  
1931

#### THE BUCKLES AND BIRKS FAMILIES

John Buckles, the ancestor, was born in Virginia in 1771, while Virginia was still a colony of England and George the Third was king. In 1795 he married Anna Vandeventer and some time later they moved to Tennessee. About the year 1812, they moved again, this time to what is now White County, Illinois. There were born to Mr and Mrs. Buckles nine children, the eldest of whom was Robert, born April 29, 1796, in Tennessee. About the time Robert Buckles came to White County, Illinois, there came to the same county, Jeremiah Birks and wife, from the state of Georgia. In 1818 Robert Buckles married a daughter of Jeremiah Birks, Mary Birks, better known as "Polly". Soon after the marriage the Birks moved to Arkansas, and in 1822 Robert and Mary Buckles decided to join them there. They made the trip on horseback, each carrying a small child (Jeremiah and William R.) over the uninhabited prairies of Illinois, across the swamps of the Mississippi, into the wilds of Arkansas, a distance of eight hundred miles. Not liking it there, they all decided to try the country "north of the Sangamo" of which they had hears.

Robert and Mary Buckles made the trip back the same way they made the trip to Arkansas. Jeremiah Birks and his family came in a two horse wagon. Reaching the Sangamon (river) they crossed it and came north, locating at the mouth of Lake Fork in May or June of 1822, where Mr. Buckles bought out James Chapman's claim and improvements, the improvements being a log cabin. Robert and his wife returned to White County, but came back to the Lake Fork in the fall of 1822. Mr. Buckles built a small log cabin near that of Jeremiah Birks. Mr. Birks moved farther up on Lake Fork, and the winter was passed by Mary Buckles in a log room, ten feet square, floored with puncheon, windowless and with a mud chimney. The family lived on fish and game.

In 1823, Mr. Buckles moved to the farm where he died, upon which there was a log cabin. Soon after, Robert Buckles' parents, John and Anna Buckles, came to what is now Logan County, remained about ten years, and then moved to McLean County, near the village of LeRoy, where they lived the remainder of their lives. John Buckles died in 1842, and Anna died in 1857. Both are buried in Old Oak Grove cemetery.

For over a quarter of a century Mary Buckles did without a cookstove, doing all of her cooking over an open fire place. She walked over a mile each way many days to her father's house to spin and weave all day, meanwhile caring for a large family.

In 1826 Mr. Buckles enlisted in the Winnebago War, doing good service. Upon his return he devoted his time to raising cattle, driving them to the markets of Galena, St. Louis and Chicago.

In a letter written by Mary Buckles to the Old Settler's Association in 1880 she spoke of her pioneer life.

"When I first started out to find a home I rode eight hundred miles on horseback. We came here in 1822 and lived that winter by the mouth of the Lake. The house we lived in was made of split logs, notched at the end and laid together. We made our bread by beating the corn into meal and by boiling our hominy. We came to Illinois in October, and I never saw the face of a white woman until March, except my step-mother. We moved in the spring up on the Lake, where Jerry Buckles now lives. We lived in this house until my husband died. I have seen as many as a hundred Indians camped together down where William Buckles lives. They used to stop at our house, when they were out hunting, and want something to eat. We got our first grindings at Buffalo Hart and Elkhart. It was ground by a horse mill.

When my husband volunteered and went to the war, to fight the Indians in 1826, I was left alone with five little children--not a man on the place. Elizabeth Ann Copeland was the first child I had born in this county. I had an aunt (Sarah Birks Finders) who died in March 1824. To make her coffin they cut down a walnut tree on the place where we lived, hollowed it out and buried her in it. She was buried in the William Buckles graveyard.

We raised a large family and for fourteen years never had a doctor in the house. I had fifteen children and raised fourteen of them to be grown and married. In those days we clothed our children by spinning and weaving, and doing all of our own coloring.

Children had no chance to get an education in those days, and we only had three months school a year. We had no preaching for a long time after we came

here and the first I ever heard was at old Grandfather Turley's. We opened our doors for a three day meeting. Folks were not as particular then as they are now, for they would come from all around. We couldn't set a fine a table then as now, but we always had plenty to ear. I have had from eighteen to twenty people stay all night with us when they came up to the meeting.

Now, if I were young again, and had a family to raise andknew there was such a country as this, I would be willing to go through it all again. Although I had a very hard time, I never regret it, on account of my children".

The children of Robert and Mary Buckles are as follows:

- William R. Buckles, 1819-1885, married Mary A. Scroggin, a daughter of Carter Scroggin. Parents of six children. Buried in Carlyle Cemetery, Lake Fork.
- Jeremiah Buckles, 1820-1885, married Mary Copeland, daughter of William Copeland. Parents of ten children. Both buried in Steenbergen Cemetery.
- John Buckles, 1822-1909, married Esther Scroggin, daughter of Carter Scroggin. Parents of four children. Both buried in Steenbergen Cemetery.
- Elizabeth Ann Buckles, 1824-1901, married Samuel Miller Copeland. Parents of twelve children. Both buried in Steenbergen Cemetery.
- Levina Buckles, 1826-1863, married Leonard K. Scroggin. Parents of eleven children. Both buried in Steenbergen Cemetery.
- Andrew Buckles, 1829-1907, married Mary Elizabeth Whitesides. Parents of seven children. Both buried in Steenbergen Cemetery.
- Petter Buckles, 1829-1838. Buried in Steenbergen.
- Chalton C. Buckles, 1832-1879, married Elizabeth Turley. Parents of six children. Buried in Steenbergen Cemetery.
- Mary Buckles, 1834-1913, married first to Caleb F. Lucas, one child, second marriage to Abner Copeland, parents of seven children. Buried Metz, Missouri.
- Robert Buckles, 1836-1. , married Lucy Turley, dau of James O. Turley, parents of five children.
- Wiley Buckles, 1838-1888, married Sarah Phillipi, no children, married again. He is buried at Champaign, Illinois
- Henry H. Buckles 1840-1901 married Emily Sams, daughter of Alfred Sama. Parents of twelve children. Buried in Kansas.
- Sarah Jane Buckles 1842-1903, married Henry Freeman. Parents of five children. Buried in Steenbergen Cemetery.
- Almira Jemima Buckles, 1844-1895, married William H. Sams. Parents of two children.
- Margaret Lucinda Buckles, 1846-1915, married Daniel D. Handlin. Parents of twelve children. Buried Steenbergen Cemetery.

#### JEREMIAH BIRKS

Jeremiah Birks was first married to Elizabeth Brown, by whom he had eight children, Mary, Rial, Riley, Levina, David, Rolland, Sarah and Betsey, all of whom came with him to Logan County in 1822. His second wife was Rhoda Collins,

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1828 BUSINESS DIRECTORY 1878

DENGER, ADAM grocer, 164 Broadway. Special inducements for cash and country produce taken in exchange. Lincoln, Illinois.

LINCOLN HERALS, F. B. Mills, editor and proprietor, Broadway.

LOGAN COUNTY VOLKSBLATT, Wallace Nall & Bro., publishers. Kickapoo, St., Lincoln, Illinois

daughter of Hugh Collins, also an early Lake Fork settler. They were the parents of six children: Isom, Sarah, Riley, Ann, Permelia and Richard.

Jeremiah Birks was one of the first to break up prairie land in Logan County. He was also one of the greatest deer hunters in early central Illinois. His first claim was at the mouth of Lake Fork, but he sold this and moved near the present site of Lake Fork Station. Later, he moved to the Steenbergen farm, which he bought of his father-in-law, Hugh Collins, and upon which he built a two-story, double log cabin, 20x24 feet, with a kitchen addition. He was a prime mover in laying out the cemetery on his farm, ever since known as the Steenbergen Cemetery which became his own final resting place. Many of the early settlers of southern Logan County are buried in this beautiful country cemetery.

HISTORY OF LOGAN COUNTY, ILLINOIS  
Lawrence B. Stringer 1911

#### EARLY LAND ENTRIES

The first white settlements, in what is now Logan County, were made in 1819. The Indian titles to the land were extinguished that year by treaties entered into between the United States government and the occupying tribes, but the government land office, in Springfield, was not established until 1823. The first sale of public lands occurred that year.

Prior to that time, the earliest settlers held their claims by the right of "squatter sovereignty". The settler had no paper title, simply the right of possession, which he secured by living on the land. The right of possession was called a claim, and was regarded as a valid title by the settler.

A better title could be had by purchasing the fee of the government, when the land was surveyed and brought into the market. Pre-emption laws were passed at different times by Congress, giving the claimants, who had made certain specified improvements, the exclusive right to purchase the premises, at the minimum price of \$1.25 per acre, provided they proved their pre-emption and paid for the same before the lands were offered for sale by the government. The conditions required were possession and the raising of one crop.

Settlers usually attended the sale in a body and seldom ever bid against another's claim. The first claim filed for an entry of public land in what is now Logan County, was filed by James Latham, November 18, 1824, on 240 acres in what is now Elkhart Township on the north side of Elkhart hill. On November 19, 1824, Robert Musick entered land on Sugar Creek, and Robert McClure on Salt Creek. On November 20, 1824, James Bracken entered land in what is now Corwin Township, and the same day James Turley filed on land in the Lake Fork area.

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JOHN DEAN GILLETT was born in Connecticut, April 28, 1819 of Huguenot parentage. Mr. Gillett came to Illinois in the fall of 1858. He came at once to Bald Knob to his uncle's and began farming. Two years later he went to Lake Fork, where he remained twenty-eight years. He then moved to Elkhart, where he has since resided. On March 31, 1842, he was married to Miss Lemira Parks, daughter of Elisha Parks, builder of the old county jail at Postville. He is one of the county's most prominent citizens, and a very extensive farm and landowner.



Wm. Reynolds  
 Levi Stillman  
 John Fenner  
 Horace Hotchkiss  
 John Stallings  
 William Stallings  
 Shelby Starr  
 Moses L. Knapp  
 1838 Allen Turner  
 Andrew J. Houston  
 James Adams  
 Alexander Rigdon  
 Turner W. Lloyd  
 Jesse H. Luce  
 1839 Peter Brown  
 David Winter  
 Hugh Laughlin  
 1840 Cartmell Crockett  
 1841 Richard W. Clark  
 George Mier  
 1842 Edward Power  
 1843 James Buckles  
 1845 Samuel M. Copeland  
 John Brooker  
 Daniel S. Stafford  
 John M. Tomlinson  
 Nathaniel Whittaker  
 Frank Schick  
 Andrew Danner  
 John Buckles  
 1846 Daniel W. Daniels  
 Uriah Daniels  
 Samuel Dement  
 George Tomlinson  
 John W. Dawson  
 Jesse W. Lucas  
 1847 William Jackson  
 Andrew Buckles  
 George Brooker  
 William Frederick  
 Henry King  
 Humphrey Scroggin  
 1848 John E. Downing  
 George Downing  
 James Broughton

John Stoll  
 James A. Barnett  
 Joseph C. Laughlin  
 Archibald Cass  
 Jabez Capps  
 A lex. W. Morgan  
 Franklin Patterson  
 Christopher Allison  
 Christopher C. Mason  
 Conrad Starr  
 Leonard Alvert  
 Hamilton Turley  
 George W. Wade  
 Hiram Vonderleith  
 William Turner  
 Adam Cheek  
 Alfred Scroggin  
 Russell Scroggin  
 John Girtman  
 1849 Peter Broughton  
 James O. Tueley  
 Hiram Walker  
 Henry Leimbaugh  
 Samuel Turley  
 William Butler  
 George Meister  
 Henry Horn  
 Henry L. Mann  
 1850 Robert Cass  
 Christopher Laughlin  
 Michael Schrot  
 Harrison Dyer  
 Thomas F. Cass  
 John Buckles  
 1851 William R. Buckles  
 1852 John E. Laughery  
 Latham & Gillett  
 Andrew J. Morrison  
 Francis Koenig  
 James T. Hall  
 Samuel Emmett  
 Charles W. Snider  
 Samuel C. Parks  
 1853 Ninian E. Primm  
 Francis Daniels  
 1856 Charles W. Pario

1863 Joseph C. Webster  
 Washington Skinner  
 John Volle  
 Christian Beckman  
 David Sims  
 Samuel W. Fuller  
 1868 Nicholas Dunnuck  
  
ELKHART TOWNSHIP  
 1823 James Latham  
 1826 Abraham Bowman  
 1827 Peter Whip  
 Samuel Harper  
 1828 Richard Latham  
 Charles Turley  
 1831 Thomas J. Scroggin  
 Philip C. Latham  
 1832 Anthony Ridgeway  
 1833 Theodore Lawrence  
 John Lawrence  
 Marshal Turley  
 1834 Thomas Sudduth  
 Cornelius Dunham  
 John Latham  
 1835 Daniel B. Price  
 Ambrose B. Cass  
 Robert Boaz  
 William Brachear  
 Ransom P. Lynn  
 James Lynn  
 John P. Wiley  
 Baldwin C. Harper  
 Benjamin F. Davis  
 James White  
 Charles L. Lawrence  
 Robert P. Lawrence  
 Sanford Turley  
 Polly Harper  
 Philip Harper  
 Squire Foster  
 James Turley  
 Stephen Cantrall  
 George W. Turley  
 James Gardner  
 Samuel H. Treat

# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #

BERNARD, LOUIS, carriage and wagonmaker. Cor. Broadway and McLean Street. Lincoln, Illinois

SHOALS, GEORGE L., editor and proprietor of the Atlanta ARGUS.

ISRAEL, JOHN D., dry goods, groceries, boots and shoes, notions, and general country store. Postmaster. Chestnut, Illinois.

John Scroggin  
 Samuel Brown  
 1836 James Gillis  
 William R. Cass  
 Joseph Bondurant  
 J. B. Backerston  
 J. C. Diamond  
 Stephen Lloyd  
 Joseph B. Loose  
 James Wiley  
 John Klein  
 Daniel Wiley  
 Cyrus Davis  
 Peter Canady  
 Archibald E. Constant  
 Samuel Fleming  
 Samuel Mitchell  
 William Steel  
 Adam Starr  
 James O. Turley  
 Andrew Jones  
 John England  
 Hiram Edwards  
 1837 John Gillett  
 Thomas Houghan  
 Henry B. Truett  
 Samuel Wiley  
 1839 James Wilson  
 Joshua Day  
 1840 Ruth Davis  
 1842 James Marton  
 1845 William H. Wheeler  
 1846 Cyrus Gordon  
 Andrew Cartmell  
 Alexander Rigdon  
 William B. Broadwell  
 David C. French  
 1849 William Frakes  
 Thomas G. Taylor  
 Benjamin Bell  
 Thomas Bell  
 Gabriel Stinnett  
 John Nicholson  
 1850 Jacob G. Loose  
 Hiram Walker

John Telfor  
 John Williams  
 Robert B. Latham  
 Perry Davis  
 Amberry Rankin  
 James Braucher  
 Charles R. Hurst  
 John J. Miller  
 1851 William Scully  
 Henry Wiley  
 John Shockey  
 James Brown  
 1853 John Maher  
 1854 Edward Rigney

WEST LINCOLN TWP

1824 Robert Musick  
 Robert McClure  
 Henry Lantis  
 1825 Thomas McClure  
 1828 Levi Johnson  
 1829 Peter Critz  
 1830 William McGraw  
 Reuben B. Ewing  
 T. Metcalf  
 J. Metcalf  
 1831 John Reed  
 John C. Taylor  
 Edmund D. Taylor  
 Benjamin Hider  
 1833 John Wright  
 Abraham Altic  
 1834 David Usher  
 John Wheeler  
 1835 Ebenezer Johnson  
 Mathew Forbes  
 Amos Harvey  
 1836 James Musick  
 J. R. Tolbert:  
 M. Bullock  
 W. L. Ewing  
 J. Thomas  
 Nathan B. Sprague  
 James W. Berry

Isaac Leonard  
 J. R. Bullock  
 W. R. Bullock  
 Samuel G. Wright  
 Samuel H. Treat  
 Virgil Hickox  
 Ezekiel Field  
 Alexander Hamilton  
 Benjamin Blossom  
 Samuel Tisdale  
 C. F. Mayer  
 J. Harwood  
 John Gregg  
 James T. Martin  
 Joseph Lowry  
 Seth M. Tinsley  
 H. Bird  
 Dabid R. Griggs  
 Nattgew /5, Narch  
 John Musick  
 Isaac Leonard  
 Elijah Iles  
 Archer G. Herndon  
 Simeon Ryder  
 Thomas E. Brett  
 Moses L. Knapp  
 Russell Post  
 1837 Benjamin Jay  
 1847 Michael Tierney  
 1848 Martin Lawless  
 1849 Lewis Craig  
 Peter P. Lucas  
 William Lucas  
 1850 Frances M. Miller  
 1851 William H. Young  
 James Frimm  
 James McGraw  
 William Peacock  
 William Scully  
 Hiram Walker  
 Mary Pollock  
 John Edwards  
 Solomon Dixon  
 Roswell Abell  
 1852 William C. Green  
 Samuel C. Seelye

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TUTTLE, TUTTLE & CO. millers, Atlanta, Illinois  
 ARMINGTON, ARTHUR grain dealer, Atlanta, Logan Co., Illinois  
 AUKES, EHME E. physician and surgeon. Emden, Illinois.  
 LOGAN HOUSE, Samuel Sadler, proprietor, New Holland, Illinois  
 Good sample rooms for commercial travelers.

Joseph B. Loose  
Samuel C. Parks  
Francis Daniels  
Latham & Gillett  
1853 Andrew McElvain  
Frederick A. Moore  
1860 Jacob H. Biedler  
Samuel Jones  
Henry M. Beidler  
1863 Samuel Atkins

CORWIN TOWNSHIP

1824 James Bracken  
1825 Walter Dillon  
1826 John Studyoin  
Ebenezer Rhoades  
Robert Bracken  
Elias Brock  
1827 Samuel Musick  
Robert N. Evans  
William Glenn  
1828 Beter Bradshaw  
James Garvin  
1829 Champney Pendleton  
1830 Joseph Pence  
William Hickman  
John Critz  
Berryman Boughan  
Peter Nash  
Joseph C. Walker  
1831 Preston Pendleton  
1832 Samuel Evans  
John Hoblit  
Hudson Low  
William A. Stone  
Hiram S. Allen  
1833 David Pence  
Adelphi Woods  
David Enslow  
John Donovan  
Nathaniel A. Ware  
David A. Glenn  
1834 Michael Mann  
William Wilkinson  
Lewis M. Carlisle  
Elijah Lucas  
Joseph Lowry  
Samuel Lowry  
John A. Ross  
James Glenn  
1835 William Stallings  
Abraham Musick  
Moses L. Knapp

Susan F. Newall  
Peter Price  
John Heath  
Hiram Raymer  
Moses H. Stone  
T. D. Peyton  
Jason White  
John Stallings  
Samuel H. Martin  
Samuel C. Newall  
Lewis Myers  
David F. Lowry  
Bradford King  
Michael Flaherty  
Ivin Low  
George C. Davis  
John Musick  
Solomon Wood  
Charles Higbe  
John Martin  
John L. Stone  
Thomas L. Campbell  
Samuel G. Wright  
Herod Musick  
Jefferson Studivan  
Alexander Gilmore  
Alexander Ewing  
Andrew K. Long  
1836 John Gregg  
Adison Newall  
William Wilkinson  
Joseph Rayburn  
James Adams  
J. H. Wood  
J. Langston  
Colby Knapp  
Green Hill  
James Gamble  
Daniel B. Hill  
S. A. Snelson  
Thomas S. Wright  
William Barnett  
Philip C. Latham  
Abraham M. Line  
John Wright  
William Moore  
Aaron Longshore  
Thomas Hagan  
1837 Thomas R. Skinner  
1838 William Bock  
1839 James Wright  
1840 George A. Bock  
Samuel McGarvey  
Francis McGarvey  
1841 A. Jenkins

1841 Alfred Jackson  
A. Halstead  
1849 Robert McNeeley  
1850 Samuel G. Martin  
Thomas Officer  
1851 John Clayton  
William Scully  
1853 James Cheney  
John W. Robinson  
Thomas Nolan

BROADWELL TOWNSHIP.

1825 James Latham  
John Buckles  
1826 Montgomery Warrick  
Thomas Briggs  
1827 Conrad Critz  
William H. Boughan  
1828 Samuel Foster  
1829 William Glenn  
Philip Suiter  
Solomon Wood  
Jacob G. Warrick  
George M. Cowardin  
Jason White  
Isaac Montgomery  
1832 James Meadows  
1833 William McGraw  
Jeremiah Suiter  
Nicholas Sintz  
John Wright  
Nathaniel A. Ware  
William C. Barnett  
Philip C. Latham  
1834 Samuel Evans  
Elijah Lucas  
James Clark  
James Walker  
1835 Preston Pendleton  
Jesse Forbis  
Mathew Fowler  
Michael Mann  
Martha Warrick  
Peter G. Cowardin  
Samuel H. Treat  
John Edwards  
William L. May  
William H. Boughan  
John Klein  
1836 Simeon Ryder  
James White  
Herod Musick  
William Paul

John Bridges  
 Washington Iles  
 David Enslow  
 John Stapleton  
 Samuel A. Mitchell  
 Edmund Rankin  
 Benjamin Blossom  
 John Grigg  
 M. L. Marsh  
 John H. Brown  
 James Bell  
 Alexander Hamilton  
 Elijah Iles  
 C. F. Mayer  
 J. Harwood  
 James M. Kennedy  
 John M. Edwards  
 Silas T. Green  
 William Rankin  
 Charles Briggs  
 Thomas S. Wright  
 Lewis Carlisle  
 Isaac Scott  
 Archer G. Herndon  
 Samuel Foster  
 George M. Cowardin  
 Archibald Constant  
 John P. Wiley  
 John P. Kennedy  
 John C. Clough  
 Thomas D. Enslow  
 Daniel Wiley  
 William Bock  
 1839 Asa French  
 1841 Daniel C. French  
 1842 Hiram Edwards  
 1844 John J. Canady  
 Henry Wiley  
 1845 John Sams  
 Frederick Braucher  
 Marquis Canady  
 1846 Samuel Day  
 John G. Canady  
 1847 Leroy T. Brown  
 1849 Charles G. Goldsmith  
 Dorrell F. Wright  
 Andrew Vandeventer  
 David L. Sutton  
 John Williams  
 John B. Tipton  
 Daniel Dunn  
 Isreal Matthews  
 Nathaniel Cosey  
 James Wiley  
 1850 Seth M. Tinsley

Godfrey C. Wright  
 Richard Dunlop  
 Charles F. Taylor  
 1851 Sinnett Rankin  
 William Ragsdale  
 William H. Young  
 George P. Noble  
 Jesse D. Blackledge  
 Johnson W. Wright  
 Herman Stone  
 William J. Allison  
 Harvey Goldsmith  
 William Scully  
 Andrew J. Harrison  
 John Scroggin  
 Charles Gardner  
 Henry C. Rodgers  
 John D. Gillett  
 William B. Broadwell  
 Robert B. Latham  
 James Primm  
 1852 Philip T. Richardson  
 Thomas Green  
 Horace Heald  
 Dawson Frakes  
 George Baker  
 Abner Heister  
 Alfred Sams  
 1853 John M. Casey  
 1854 James Birge  
 James Cheney  
 James L. Walker

EAST LINCOLN TWP

1827 Levi Johnson  
 1830 Henry Kimm  
 1831 William Metcalf  
 1832 Reuben B. Ewing  
 1833 Finis Ewing  
 Henry Johnson  
 1834 Edward Mobly  
 John Metcalf  
 1835 George Clark  
 John Ewing  
 Osborn Ewing  
 David Rudolph  
 Peter Rudolph  
 1836 Nathan B. Sprague  
 Abner Leland  
 John Grigg  
 James Ewing  
 Ellis G. Young  
 Joseph H. Jennings  
 Sanuel S. Berry

E. H. Field  
 N. Holloway  
 William H. Leland  
 James T. Morton  
 James J. Martin  
 Stanford Cherry  
 C. F. Mayer  
 J. Harwood  
 Alexander Hamilton  
 David R. Grigg  
 1839 Isaac Loose  
 Joseph B. Loose  
 John E. Musick  
 1842 Samuel Briggs  
 1847 James Primm  
 1848 Conrad Miller  
 1850 Christopher Ewing  
 John J. Russell  
 1851 Samuel C. Parks  
 Robert Buckles  
 James Ewing  
 James McGraw  
 1852 Thomas N. Gill  
 James Downey  
 Francis Daniels  
 Hiram Walker  
 Latham & Gillett  
 Ichabod Carey  
 James Johnson  
 Richard T. Flint  
 Frances Knowing  
 Richard T. Gill  
 John G. Graham  
 Amos C. Babcock  
 Ezra Lambert  
 Jonathan Dow  
 Ephraim Flint  
 Robert Briggs  
 Thomas Flint  
 Lorenzo D. Hamilton  
 Jonathan Miller  
 Franklin Fassett  
 Reuben F. Ruth  
 James McConnell  
 David L. Grigg  
 Thomas H. Denny  
 Joseph S. Smith  
 Orange B. Heaton  
 John Lathrop  
 Edward Jones  
 James W. Russell  
 James White  
 Asbury Sanders  
 M.C. Goltra  
 Joseph Orendorff

Andrew F. Wilson  
Henry Owsley  
Jonathan Miller  
1855 William B. Fonday  
1864 Samuel T. Atkins

EMINENCE TOWNSHIP

1827 Christopher Orendorff  
Benjamin Orendorff  
Samuel R. Ewing  
Archy Brien  
Robert Hanna  
William Burt  
1828 Samuel Reid  
Randolph Rose  
John Johnson  
Charles F. Ewing  
William Hereford  
1829 Oliver Johnson  
Phinney Johnson  
1830 Nathaniel P. Johnson  
David G. Thompson  
John G. Adams  
Caty Miller  
R. Metcalf  
I. Metcalf  
Finis Ewing  
1831 Gershon Jayne  
John Metcalf  
Thomas Stroud  
M. R. Anderson  
Tavern D. Anderson  
George W. Miles  
Charles Council  
Joseph Reece  
Reuben E. Ewing  
John Ewing  
1832 Alfred Orendorff  
Josiah Seybold  
Philip B. Miles  
William Turner  
Reddick Council  
Daniel Lantis  
John Patton  
Alfred Brien  
William Miller  
1833 Hiram Atteberry  
Isaac Atteberry  
Wilberry Miller  
David Atteberry  
1834 Jeremiah Sullivan  
Jesse Dixon  
William Phillips  
F. S. Harrison

Achilles Hayden  
Lewis D. Thompson  
1835 Lee Daniel  
Oliver Mason  
Peter Stroud  
Thomas H. Woodward  
Truman Mason  
Jefferson Britt  
John Sullivan  
James Hieronymous  
Daniel H. Judy  
Martin G. Stafford  
John Houser  
John Wright  
William Ryan  
Isaac Butler  
John J. Quisenberry  
E. S. Quisenberry  
Aaron Houser  
Edward S. Ewing  
Joseph Ewing  
Willis Council  
George Houser  
Ellis P. Clark  
Joshua Houser  
Thomas P. Fletcher  
John T. Bird  
Curtis Philips  
Charles C. Wilcox  
Edward Mobley  
James Ewing  
Benjamin F. Piper  
Erastus Wright  
Johathan Merriam  
James Shanklin  
Katherine Thompson  
Thomas Braley  
Felix Gilbert  
Russell Howe  
1837 James F. Esten  
C. Morris  
W. Hayden  
Benjamin Jay  
Philip Fiske  
Joseph W. Barber  
1839 Samuel J. Chapin  
Jacob Brining  
1842 George Mitchell  
1844 Samuel B. Foster  
E. G. Adams  
1845 Laban M. Stroud  
James R. Adams  
1846 Moses K. Anderson  
1847 Andrew Coffman  
Peter J. Hawes

1848 Remington Webster  
Zebulon Adams  
1849 Mahlon S. Hoblit  
1850 Christopher Brining  
1852 Edward Jones  
John Powell  
Thomas N. Gill  
Richard T. Gill  
George Metcalf  
William H. Young  
Isaac Kaughman  
1853 Nathaniel Ewing  
Robert Mountjoy  
1854 William Mountjoy  
Andrew Decker  
Daniel Stewart  
John W. Stewart

ATLANTA TOWNSHIP

1828 Benjamin Shipley  
Andrew C. Davis  
John Hoblit  
John Barr  
1829 George D. Sims  
Adam Stephens  
William Davenport  
1830 Allen McCoy  
William Copeland  
Thomas Lucas  
Samuel Roberts  
John Downey  
William Barr  
Valentine Sublette  
1831 Andrew Scott  
John Slatton  
Stephen Jones  
James Barr  
1832 John Hoblit  
1833 James Hoblit  
Nathaniel A. Ware  
Hiram Bowman  
Andrew Brock  
John Richards  
Timothy E. Hoblit  
Charles Council  
Zebulon G. Cantrall  
Gabriel Watt  
1834 George S. Evans  
1835 James Allen  
Thomas Hawed  
Henry Williams  
David Daniel  
Joshua Cantrall  
John McIntyre



John Hayney  
 Phil H. Thompson  
 Thomas Officer  
 John S. Officer  
 Archivald Towne  
 Richard T. Gill  
 Gilbert Manning  
 Thos. E. Quisenberry  
 Andrew F. Wilson  
 Samuel Emmett  
 William Stephenson  
 William Shaver  
 S. S. Keguinn  
 David Brunk  
 Josiah Pierce  
 Caleb Birchall  
 Charles C. Henry  
 A. J. Morrison  
 William D. Henry  
 Lewis Keeling  
 1853 George Roberts  
 Luther Hill  
 John D. Ball  
 1854 James Cheney

PRAIRIE CREEK TWP

1830 J. William  
 Hiram Watson  
 1832 Thomas P. Fletcher  
 1833 Nathaniel A. Ware  
 1836 Horace P. Johnson  
 Samuel Gage  
 Kpse<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>j Clough  
 Jesse Jackman  
 Homer Peck  
 E. Wright  
 John S. Osborn  
 Elkanah Cobb  
 Leonard Loomis  
 John P. Conger  
 J. Whitney  
 Ebenezer Montague  
 Benjamin Robinson  
 Henry Little  
 Robert B. Gage  
 J. Wright  
 Jacob Webber  
 1837 Nathaniel Coffin  
 1849 Felix G. Green  
 James Summers  
 Roswell P. Abel  
 1850 Abrose Wetherbee  
 Nicodemus Travis  
 William Greene

Eli Thomas  
 Amaziah Thomas  
 John Williams  
 Thomas Morris  
 William Scully  
 Arad Brown  
 William D. Humphrey  
 George Nichols  
 1851 Elizabeth Viall  
 Israel E. Mundy  
 Frederick Vanliew  
 Tobias Hollidey  
 Christian Anshurtz  
 Joseph Nall  
 William Marshall  
 William Berry  
 William Shaver  
 Alexander Harlough  
 John C. Irwin  
 Thomas Swearingen  
 Asa D. Wright  
 Edmund Wade  
 Andrew White  
 Thomas Officer  
 Richard Ely  
 John Linbarger  
 William H. Briggs  
 Samuel Skeen  
 William Buffington  
 Adam Honeck  
 Abraham Hogadorn  
 John S. Officer  
 Richard Freeman  
 Elijah Potter  
 John Martin  
 Robert Irwin  
 Joseph Hemingway  
 John M. Word  
 John Rose  
 Rollin H. Kimball  
 J. D. Conkling  
 Thomas G. Farlton  
 Caleb F. Tarlton  
 David Slouse  
 John Towberman  
 David C. Lamb  
 John H. Marbold  
 John Mann  
 Andrew White  
 Nathaniel G. Nickols  
 John Nickols  
 John O. Robinson  
 Samuel Garver  
 Samuel Brown  
 Mathew Weatherford

Peter Meard  
 James C. Bower  
 John Jennings  
 1852 Jacob Cole  
 Elisha Crane  
 Jacob Keefer  
 Geo. W. Rummell  
 Daniel Frankhouse  
 David McElroy  
 David C. Lamb  
 James McMaster  
 Blackman Mosely  
 Jacob B. Loose  
 John W. Casey  
 David F. Lowry  
 Samuel King  
 Rodney H. Hardy  
 Hiram Walker  
 1853 John J. Taylor  
 M. King  
 W. Trollope  
 1855 Samuel C. Parks  
 A. R. Chesnut  
 David Spear  
 Isaac Cunningham

SHERIDAN TOWNSHIP

1832 Samuel C. Hagans  
 1833 Nathaniel A. Ware  
 1845 William McLean  
 George Fales  
 Garret M. LaForge  
 Henry F. Lockett  
 Jacob M. Douglas  
 John Sutton  
 George W. Jones  
 Charles Higbee  
 Samuel G. Wright  
 John Pence  
 Addison S. Newall  
 1836 Henry Little  
 E. Wright  
 Isaac Leonard  
 Alexander Hamilton  
 Jonas Whitney  
 Jacob Webber  
 Oliver P. Cox  
 John Grigg  
 Miles Peck  
 Dewey Whitney  
 Aaron Sackett  
 J. Whitney  
 J. M. Sturtevant  
 1837 Nathaniel Coffin

J. B. Turner  
J. W. Osgood  
Truman M Post  
1850 William Scully  
Martin McGovern  
Gerard McKinnie  
Colby Knapp  
Henry Isgrig  
Calvin M. Grapes  
Derryman Boughan  
1851 John W. Sisson  
Rowell P. Abel  
Samuel Garver  
R. B. Latham  
William Barnett  
William Hamel  
1854 Samuel C. Parks  
Aaron B. Brown  
Henry Hendrickson  
N. M. Milliken  
1855 Edward Copeland

ORAN TOWNSHIP

1834 Stephen Jones  
William Horchem  
1835 Fred G. Cantrall  
Charles Winn  
Absalom Hamilton  
John Dement  
Cheney Spears  
William Jones  
James Morton  
James Downey  
S. F. Martin  
Stephen Foley  
Edmund Sams  
1836 William Frakes  
John Cue  
1838 Josiah Cantrall  
Amos Ormsby  
Zebulon G. Cantrall  
Richard G. Herndon  
Philip C. Latham  
John Barr  
William Hawkins  
Owen Davis  
1839 Robert Longworth  
James Brewer  
Lewis Jones  
1840 Andrew C. Davis  
1841 James Gordon  
Arnett Allman  
1843 O.P. Crawford  
1845 Freeman Jones

Jacob Copes  
1847 James Foley  
O. P. Crawford  
1847 James Foley  
H. Hanchier  
1848 Joseph Bell  
1849 James A. Barrett  
Jefferson Hawkins  
William Copes  
John Clark  
Thomas M. Maddox  
Washington Jones  
1850 John Williams  
Hiram Walker  
Samuel Montgomery  
Eleazor Boardwell  
Thomas Montgomery  
Thomas J. Hauchin  
Walter Roberts  
Thomas N. Gill  
Richard T. Gill  
1851 Samuel Jones  
Elisha Woodhouse  
William Hedges  
Samuel C. Parks  
William Gambrel  
Thomas Bardwell  
1852 John B. Hurst  
R. S. Spencer  
Thompson Flint  
Mathew Mitchell  
Samuel B. Ring  
Francis Daniels  
Amos C. Babcock  
Cornelius Goltra  
Jacob Clapp  
Leonard Chapin  
Andrew J. Lewis  
James Sanbourne  
William H. David  
Obed Lewis  
Stephen Dyer  
William Hall  
John Waterman  
John Simonds  
Stephen Washburn  
Daniel Weston  
David A. Reed  
Jesse New  
George Higday  
Isaac Dyer  
Peter Rockwood  
L. Hayford  
Stephen Lovejoy  
Silas Gould

William Brown  
Elizabeth Jewett  
Benjamin Gardner  
Josiah Coddling  
1854 Bynton Tenny  
Turner King  
George W. Butter  
Charles F. Chambers  
Sylvester Strong  
1857 Joseph Bell  
1860 William Gambrel  
John Armstrong  
1861 James Barr  
William S. Curry  
John Piatt  
Anthony N. Dills  
Jefferson Houser  
1862 N. W. Robinson  
1863 Thompson Gambrel  
Henry White  
1864 Scott R. Graham  
David Kerr  
Charles Cameron  
Nancy J. Sullivan  
1865 E. H. Tuttle  
A. D. Reise  
Joseph W. Marvel  
Eliza Cantrall  
1866 William H. Estes  
Thomas L. Sullivan  
1867 Marcellus Ruggles  
Nolan M. Stark  
Samuel Burnison  
William Burnison  
Robert B. Mills  
James S. Cannon  
William J. Henry  
Mary Keys  
W. C. Stark  
1868 Harry Mortland  
Samuel Harman  
Everett Whiteman  
Samuel Dement  
Alfred L. Sullivan

AETNA TOWNSHIP

1835 Elizabeth Dodson  
Hugh Collins  
Henry Dement  
1836 Brooks Randolph  
James Randolph  
1836 Willoughby Randolph  
Brookins Champan  
1838 John E. Martin



1852 George Clark  
John Alexander  
Andrew Stephens  
1853 Freckerick Moore  
Samuel C. Gibson  
1854 David Gilchrist  
John Hatfield  
James Lindsay

LAENNA TOWNSHIP

1835 Henry Dement  
Jesse Williams  
Drury Martin  
Jeremiah Birks  
1838 James F. Reed  
Samuel Dement  
John D. Rees  
Joseph Burk  
L. Lucas  
William H. Brougham  
Joseph Dement  
William L. May  
Philip C. Latham  
Moses Moore  
Thomas R. Skinner  
William L. Stinn  
John Williams  
Joseph B. Loose  
J. G. Loose  
1839 David W. Clark  
Jacob L. Mann  
David Sims  
William Mitchell  
1840 Richard W. Clark  
Solomon Narton  
William Lucas  
1845 Isaac Clark  
George Girtman  
George B. Lucas  
1846 James Birks  
Thomas Lucas  
John Girtman  
1847 Polly Birks  
Ann Birks  
John Bigger  
Charles Houston  
John B. Lucas  
William Randolph  
1848 James H. Hildreth  
Richard W. Clark  
Tate Burnett  
James Logan  
A. H. Bushnell  
Alfred Scroggin

Isaac Copeland  
William Ridgeway  
John Houston  
Walter P. Bowles  
1849 Thomas Stout  
Henry Mann  
1850 John D. Gillett  
Samuel Emmett  
Israel Dyer  
Charles R. Hurst  
John M. McIntosh  
Dow Curnutt  
1852 Abram H. Stone  
Thomas N. Gill  
Latham & Gillett  
Harrison Stallings  
Russell Gillett  
John Tribett  
Charles Reily  
Thomas Smith  
William Connolly  
Jesse Jackson  
Jacob Baker  
Charity Knight  
Francis Daniels  
Luther Davis  
John R. Ayres  
Edward Jones  
John H. Randolph  
Enos Jewell  
Peter Rookie  
Francis Korning  
Daniel C. Lamb  
Owen Mathews  
James Mathews  
George Bars  
Samuel Whitesides  
Sheldon Parks  
Leonard Parks  
Mary Webster  
Orput Ayres  
Orvin Alexander  
Oliver B. Calver  
Jubilee Posey  
Philetus Fales  
Dixon Sylvester  
Jeremiah Stokes  
Frederick S. Ayres  
Jesse Fay  
George Ware  
Enoch Talbott  
Samuel Hale  
Ebenezer Porter  
Ezekiel Hale  
Richard F. Flint

Richard F. Gill  
1850 Solomon Markel  
Samuel Blackford  
Peter Huslib  
Amos H. Davis  
Nicholas Gasaway  
George Kramps  
Lorenzo Schleicher  
James Tribett  
Jerome Conkling  
John Whitesides  
S. W. Parish  
Lemuel Parish  
Andrew Wallace  
1854 Thomsa J. Broadwell  
R. H. Templeman  
Samuel C. Gibson  
1858 Richard Martin  
1860 Erhardt Stoll  
1862 J. C. Webster  
1864 Daniel Thompson  
Mathew Eylie  
John W. Swain  
William Hobkirk  
Stephen Yocum  
James Huston  
Edwin A. Joynt  
Joseph R. Rue  
1865 John Shull  
1860 Samuel Dunnyre  
Jesse Jackson  
1867 Christian Schassler  
Frank Alexander  
George Hanselman  
George Weller  
John Auer  
Robert Martin  
Frederick Joynt  
1868 William Suedmier  
John Kiick  
Harrison Fanning

LAKE FORK TOWNSHIP

1835 Hugh Collins  
Sarah Turley  
Hannah Lucas  
George B. Lucas  
Lydia Turner  
G. W. Turner  
1836 Rial Birks  
I. Houston  
John Houston  
Richard Birks  
Walter Turner





later completed the work. The Myers brothers did not complete it, but traded the mill and the ten acre site to Rankin for two farms. Leo then lived on the Bradshaw farm, and Ezra and his wife moved to the Steve Beck place.

Mrs. Morris calls to mind the days when the mill was worked to its capacity. Often dozens of teams with loads of grist were forced to wait over night. The Orendorff mill north of Postville was the only other up-to-date mill in the county.

Her girlhood days take her back to many humorous experiences connected with Johnny Murry, the first ferryman. Murry's wife once assayed to pilot a horseman across the swollen stream. The torrent was raging and the man agreed to release the bridle if the boat became unmanageable. In midstream the boat swirled against a snag and almost upset. She screamed to him to release the horse which was dead weight. He refused. In desperation she raised the heavy oar and would have crushed his skull. He obeyed, the horse was lost, and they barely escaped with their own lives.

At another time she safely piloted eight members of a funeral procession across a half mile flood. Great rivalry existed between the ferryman and Johnny Murry once solicited the trade of a noted Irish wit. Johnny had hammered his rates and one day accosted the man. "Well, I've come down to the other man's rates. Won't you do business with me?" he asked. "Faith no," retorted the other, "I'll stick with the man who brought you down", and he did.

And so the ruins of the mill are replete with legends. At the sight of the twisted timbers the casual traveler is reminded of days of which perhaps he has only heard recounted around the fireside. The remains of the landmark mill will soon be gone, but its history will live long with the descendants of the settlers of Logan County.

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#### E. RANKIN, 82, LOGAN COUNTY PIONEER, DIES

Edmund Rankin, 82, whose father Edmund Rankin, Sr., was a friend of Abraham Lincoln, operated the historic Rankin Mill and owned the land on which Mr. Lincoln surveyed the town of Albany at Rocky Ford, southwest of Lincoln, died at 8:15 Sunday evening at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Harry Yocum, 428 Fifth Street.

Mr. Rankin was a member of a sturdy Logan county pioneer family, who died, as he had lived a lifetime, in the same vicinity where his father had located a full century ago.

For many years Edmund Rankin, Jr., operated a foundry on Fifth Street, and had perfected a number of practical inventions which were utilized but from which he failed to derive revenue.

Mr. Rankin was born near Rocky Ford, December 12, 1854 and married Miss Laura J. Ragle in Lincoln, July 3, 1873. Her death occurred January 18, 1931.

He is survived by one son, John W. Rankin; one daughter, Mrs. Yocum; two brothers, John and David Rankin, and a sister, Miss Priscilla Rankin, all of the Rocky Ford community.

The deceased was a descendant of one of the best known pioneer families of central Illinois. His father, whose name was also Edmund, entered some 600 acres of land in and around Rocky Ford in 1836.

Edmund Rankin, Sr., was an intimate friend of Abraham Lincoln, and it was upon land originally entered by the elder Rankin that Abraham Lincoln surveyed the now extinct pioneer Logan county town of Albany.

The plat of the town of Albany was drawn by Mr. Lincoln in the adjacent log cabin home of the elder Rankin, when Mr. Lincoln was a guest during the survey.

In later years the cabin was supplanted by a more modern structure but the cabin retained as a relic. At the time of the purchase of the old Postville courthouse by Henry Ford, Mr. Ford sought to purchase the Rankin cabin but the Rankin family declined to part with the ancestral relic.. Unfortunately, about a year later, the Rankin home took fire and the cabin and its contents were consumed.

In 1851 Edmund Rankin, Sr., purchased a small mill which had been built at Rocky Ford six years prior, enlarged, improved and operated the same, with the aid of his sons, and the mill was known to a generation as "Rankin's Mill".

The elder Rankin organized a pioneer band in the late seventies, which was composed of members of the Rankin family, was known as "Daddy Rankin's band", and was frequently in evidence at earlier political rallies and public demonstrations.

An uncle of the deceased, William Rankin, built a stone house near the old side of Albany in 1836, in which he operated a store for a short time. The house still stands and was a proposed depot had the Alton railroad been laid, as originally intended, by way of Albany and Rocky Ford.

Later, William Rankin, in cooperation with Richard Ackerman, built the first store operated in Postville and laid out an addition to that town.

The funeral will take place at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon from the Sheets Funeral Home, Rev. Ooren Spear of First Methodist church officiating. Burial will be in Union cemetery. The body was removed to the Rankin home Tuesday afternoon and will be taken back to the Sheets Funeral Home at noon on Wednesday for the funeral service.

--LINCOLN EVENING COURIER, Lincoln, Illinois  
Tuesday, July 9, 1937.

#### THE NOAH EURY FAMILY

While the Eury family name has died out in Logan County, the Pennsylvania Dutch part of my heritage comes from:

NOAH E URY, born in Maryland, married Magdalena "Polly" TOBIAS in Greene County, Ohio in October 1841. To this union were born:

1. SAMUEL MCKENDREE EURY (1842-1911)

Then the family moved to Wells County, Indiana, where they had three more children:

2. DAVID W.P. EURY (1845-1925)

3. Sarah Elizabeth (later Mrs. Mark Gordon) 1849-1914

4. MARTIN LUTHER EURY (1851-1856)



Ten children were born to them, the oldest of which was Martha Ann, who married Charles C. GOLDSMITH--my great-grandparents who are buried in Goldsmith Cemetery, Broadwell Township, Logan County, Illinois.

A number of the descendants of Charles Lewis and Mathilda Caroline OTEY BRIGGS still live in Logan County.

--Catherine Bentley Sloman

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#### PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

##### JULY 1988

This was our annual picnic held at Kickapoo Park, Lincoln, Illinois. As usual we had lots of good food and fellowship.

##### AUGUST 1988

Our program was given by Mr. Fred Soady, Illinois Central College, Peoria, Illinois. He spoke on the "Illinois River" and how rivers can affect settlements in an area.

##### SEPTEMBER 1988

WE HAD A QUILT SHOW!!!! Members brought quilts (old and new) for display during the week at the Oasis (Senior Citizens' Center and our meeting place). We also had a quilt raffle and the lucky winner was Ruth Musick, of Lincoln, a new member of our society.

The program was given by Catherine Sloman, Pawnee, Illinois. She is a society member and former resident of Logan County. She spoke about the Rankin family who operated the "old Rankin mill" on Salt Creek and were early residents of the county. Some of the Rankin family were guests at this meeting.

##### OCTOBER 1988

This was our annual visit to the County Court House. We visited the Circuit Clerk's office where members could examine various records and do some research as time permitted. Some records found in this office are Will, Probate, Heirship, Administrator's and Executor's records, Guardianship, Divorce, Chancery records, and others. Adoption and juvenile court records are closed to the public. Naturalization records are found in this office.

##### NOVEMBER 1988

This was our annual Thanksgiving dinner with turkey and all the trimmings. Our program was provided by Mr. Floyd Mansburger, Springfield, of the Illinois Dept. of Preservation. He showed slides of the renovation of the Abraham Lincoln home in Springfield, and explained the value of archeological finds in preserving historical places. He also spoke about some historical points in Logan County. Members were invited to ask questions. Good program and an enjoyable evening, also good weather.

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##### 150th Anniversary of Logan County, Ill.

On Feb. 9, 1989, the Logan County Genealogical and Historical Society is sponsoring a Ses-quicentennial dinner in celebration of the founding of Logan Co. on Feb. 5, 1839. The dinner will be at 6:15 P.M. at the Masonic Temple in Lincoln, Ill. Following the dinner, Richard Schachtsiek, Manager at Postville and Mt. Pulaski courthouses, will present the program "A Logan County Civil War Soldier Comes Home in 1864".









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U.S. POSTAL 2-LETTER ABBREVIATIONS

AL	ALABAMA	KY	KENTUCKY	ND	NORTH DAKOTA
AK	ALASKA	LA	LOUISIANA	OH	OHIO
AZ	ARIZONA	ME	MAINE	OK	OKLAHOMA
AR	ARKANSAS	MD	MARYLAND	OR	OREGON
CA	CALIFORNIA	MA	MASSACHUSETTS	PA	PENNSYLVANIA
CO	COLORADO	MI	MICHIGAN	RI	RHODE ISLAND
CT	CONNECTICUT	MN	MINNESOTA	SC	SOUTH CAROLINA
DE	DELAWARE	MS	MISSISSIPPI	SD	SOUTH DAKOTA
DC	DIST. OF COLUMBIA	MO	MISSOURI	TN	TENNESSEE
FL	FLORIDA	MT	MONTANA	TX	TEXAS
GA	GEORGIA	NE	NEBRASKA	UT	UTAH
HI	HAWAII	NV	NEVADA	VT	VERMONT
ID	IDAHO	NH	NEW HAMPSHIRE	VA	VIRGINIA
IL	ILLINOIS	NJ	NEW JERSEY	WA	WASHINGTON
IN	INDIANA	NM	NEW MEXICO	WV	WEST VIRGINIA
IA	IOWA	NY	NEW YORK	WI	WISCONSIN
KS	KANSAS	NC	NORTH CAROLINA	WY	WYOMING

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SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION APPLICATIONS

Social Security Administration Applications show the address of the applicant, date and place of birth, father's name and mother's maiden name. One needs Form F SSA-L997, from any S.S.A. office to obtain a copy of the application form for a deceased relative for Social Security.

The S.S.A. plans to destroy the original 37 million applications for Social Security. They have computerized some of the information, but much of the general information has been omitted. This information will be lost when the original forms are destroyed. The early files include many persons born in the 1860's and 1870's, and many naturalized citizens. It is suggested that letters be written to the Social Security Admin., 6401 Security Blvd., Baltimore, MD, 21235, and to your representatives in Congress for assistance to retain these valuable records.

Kankakee Valley Genealogical Society - Quarterly  
Vol. 18, No. 4, Nov., 1988

MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION  
for the  
LOGAN COUNTY GENEALOGICAL AND HISTORICAL SOCIETY, Inc.

Post Office Box 283,  
Lincoln, Illinois 62656

Qualifications: Any person of good moral character, interested in genealogy or in support thereof, may become a member of the Logan County Genealogical and Historical Society, Inc. in accordance with the provisions of its By-Laws.

Membership year is from January 1 thru December 31. Please make checks payable to the Society and mail to the above address.

Check correct box. New membership \_\_\_\_\_. Renewal \_\_\_\_\_.

I or We, the undersigned, do hereby apply for membership as specified below.

Date of application: \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_.

Name or names: \_\_\_\_\_.

Address:

Street \_\_\_\_\_, City \_\_\_\_\_,

Zip \_\_\_\_\_, County \_\_\_\_\_, State \_\_\_\_\_.

Phone number ( )-\_\_\_\_\_.

Occupation \_\_\_\_\_.

Experience in Genealogy: Less than 1 year \_\_\_\_\_. 1-5 years \_\_\_\_\_. Over 5 years \_\_\_\_\_.

Interests: Interested in both Genealogy and History \_\_\_\_\_. Genealogy

only \_\_\_\_\_. History only \_\_\_\_\_. (History must be in relation to the

times and movements of the various family's including interesting events, such

as religious, political, military, education and hardships of the times.)

Surnames you are searching: \_\_\_\_\_

Check type of membership desired: Regular Membership (\$8.00) \_\_\_\_\_. Regular Family Membership (2 members only) (\$9.00) \_\_\_\_\_. Additional \$1.00 for each applicant in excess of 2 persons. Student (\$5.00) \_\_\_\_\_. Contributing Membership (\$15.00) \_\_\_\_\_. Life Membership (\$100.00) \_\_\_\_\_. Dues are due and payable annually. Dues shall not be prorated.

Signature of Applicant \_\_\_\_\_

Referred by:

Date accepted \_\_\_\_\_.

MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION  
FOR THE  
LOGAN COUNTY GENEALOGICAL AND HISTORICAL SOCIETY, INC.

Post Office Box 283  
Lincoln, Illinois 62656

Qualifications: Any person of good moral character, interested in genealogy or history, and a resident of Logan County, Illinois, is eligible for membership in the Logan County Genealogical and Historical Society, Inc. The applicant must be at least 18 years of age at the time of application.

Application: This application is valid only for membership as stated below.

NAME OF APPLICANT \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
CITY \_\_\_\_\_  
STATE \_\_\_\_\_  
ZIP \_\_\_\_\_  
CITY \_\_\_\_\_  
STATE \_\_\_\_\_  
ZIP \_\_\_\_\_  
CITY \_\_\_\_\_  
STATE \_\_\_\_\_  
ZIP \_\_\_\_\_

EXPERIENCE IN GENEALOGY: Less than 1 year \_\_\_\_\_ 1-2 years \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years \_\_\_\_\_

LOGAN CO. GENEALOGICAL & HISTORICAL SOC.  
P.O. Box 283  
Lincoln, Ill. 62656

INTERESTS: I am interested in both Genealogy and History \_\_\_\_\_  
History only \_\_\_\_\_  
I am interested in the various family's including including \_\_\_\_\_  
as well as political affairs, education and members of the family \_\_\_\_\_  
I am interested in the \_\_\_\_\_

MR. & MRS. OMER HENRICHSMEYER  
817 DECATUR ST.  
LINCOLN ILL. 62656

Regular \$10.00  
Annual \$7.00  
Life \$100.00  
Dues are \_\_\_\_\_

Check type \_\_\_\_\_  
Family name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
City \_\_\_\_\_  
State \_\_\_\_\_  
Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Applicant \_\_\_\_\_

Date received \_\_\_\_\_

Entered by \_\_\_\_\_









# U. S. Military Telegraph.

APR 15 1864  
By Telegraph from Lewisburg 186

To Capt Richardson  
Ark

Sir

We are seven miles north of Lewisburg can't get down with our steamer without a rise and the river is falling will you please order a detachment of troops from Lewisburg to relieve my men and permit us to report to our Regt at Little Rock Ark immediately. The flat boat is going down to the Rock and we can go on it by your order.

John Everly

Ken Baumann, of Milan Michigan, came across the above U.S. Military Telegram sent by First Lieutenant John Everly of Mt. Pulaski. He was mustered in September 17, 1862 as 1st lieutenant of Company D (a Mt. Pulaski company) of the 106th Illinois Infantry. He resigned his commission one month after the telegram was sent (May 17, 1864).

At this time in 1864 the Logan County regiment (106th) was a member of the Department of Arkansas, and did patrol duty at Little Rock, Lewisburg, St. Charles etc. and operations against the Confederate General, Joe Shelby north of the Arkansas River.

The telegram reads as follows:

"Sir we are seven miles north of Lewisburg, can't get down with our steamer without a rise and the river is falling. Will you please order a detachment of troops from Lewisburg to relieve my men and permit us to report to our regiment at Little Rock, ARK immediately. The flat boat is going down to the rock and we can go on it by your order.

John Everly 1st Lt. 106th Regt. Ills Inft Vol Command  
Escort on Hings"

NATURALIZATION RECORDS IN LOGAN COUNTY, ILLINOIS  
CIRCUIT CLERK'S OFFICE  
SURNAMEN: BEGINNING WITH LETTER B

- BAAKE, Herman--Naturalization Record of Minors, Volume C, Page 321.  
Date of Order--July 9, 1900
- BACHLE, Jacob--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 110  
Date Subscribed to--May 18, 1874
- BADE, Gustav--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 238.  
Date Subscribed to- November 1, 1884--SEE ORIGINAL  
Final Naturalization Record, Volume A, Page 20, 1890  
Date Attested to- March 20, 1890. SEE ORIGINAL
- BADEN, E. H. Naturalization Record of Soldiers and Minors, Volume B, Page 553.  
Date Subscribed to- February 21, 1879--SEE ORIGINAL
- BADEN, Ernest--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 112  
Date Subscribed to- July 17, 1874
- BADUR, Joe--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 122  
Date Subscribed--November 3, 1894--SEE ORIGINAL  
Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 380.  
Date Attested to- Novembef 2, 1896--SEE ORIGINAL
- BAEFFEL, Emil--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 305  
Date Subscribed to- August 25, 1894
- BAEHR, Joseph--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 155  
Date Subscribed to--September 20, 1876
- BAGLEY, John--Declaration of Intention on August 11, 1866  
SEE ORIGINAL ONLY
- BAKER, Daniel J. --Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 48  
Date of Order--September 20, 1860--SEE ORIGINAL
- BAKER, David--Declaration of Intention on September 24, 1858  
Final Oath and Court Order on October 1, 1858--SEE ORIGINALS
- BAKER, Dennis--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 47  
Date of Order--September 20, 1860--SEE ORIGINAL
- BAKER, James--Naturalization Record of Soldiers and Minors, Volume 2, Page 382  
Date Subscribed--October 12, 1880
- BAKER, William--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 48  
Date of Order--September 20, 1860--SEE ORIGINAL
- BALDIN, August--Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 282  
Date Subscribed--July 14, 1925  
Age- 28, Date of Birth- October 7, 1896, Place of Birth-Dognasta, Hungary  
Also Located in Petition and Record, Volume 4, Page 60
- BALDIN, Fred, Jr.--Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 47275 Page 11  
Age- 27, Date of Order-January 19, 1926

NATURALIZATION RECORDS CONTINUED

- BALDIN, Fred, Jr. Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 4727 , Page 11  
 Age 27. Date of Order-January 19, 1926  
 Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 227. Date of Birth- August 21, 1898  
 Place of Birth- Dognaska, Austria-Hungary. Date Subscribed-November 5, 1919  
 Also Located In- Petition and Record, Volume 4, Page 34
- BALDIN, Fritz--Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 31104, Page 6  
 Age- 47. Date of Order- January 20, 1920  
 Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 108  
 Date of Birth- December 5, 1872. Place of Birth- South, Hungary  
 Date Subscribed- April 15, 1914  
 Also Located im Petition and Record, Volume 3, Page 81
- BALTRUNES, Marcela--Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 187  
 Age- 42. Date of Birth-June 5, 1875. Place of Birth- Kowna Gubruy, Russia  
 Date Subscribed to- May 25, 1917
- BANDEKOW, William--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 145  
 Date Attested to- March 12, 1883  
 SEE ORIGINAL Declaration of Intention, Petition for Final Papers & Final Oath
- BAROL, John Jacob--Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 19579, Page 7  
 Age- 46. Date of Order- May 15, 1916  
 Petition and Record, Volume 2, Page 47 and Volume 3, Page 11  
 Date of Birth- June 20, 1869. Place of Birth- Grossvillars, Germany
- BARR, George--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 70  
 Date of Order- September 27, 1860 SEE ORIGINAL
- BARR, John M.--Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 154  
 Age- 25. Date of Birth- January 3, 1891. Place of Birth- Bath, Chrystal,  
 England. Date Subscribed- October 19, 1916
- BARTH, Charles--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 166  
 Date Attested to- October 28, 1884  
 SEE ORIGINAL Declaration of Intention, Petition for Final Papers &  
 Final Oath
- BARTHEL, Frederick--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 77  
 Date Subscribed- September 8, 1888
- BARTHEL, Rev. John- Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 47275, Page 10  
 Age- 61. Date of Order- September 22, 1925  
 Declaration of Intention- Volume 2, Page 215  
 Date of Birth- November 14, 1863. Place of Birth- Sebringville, Ontario,  
 Canada. Date Subscribed- February 17, 1919  
 Also Located in Petition and Record, Volume 3, Page 40 and Page 52  
 Petition and Record, Volume 4, Page 32
- BARTMANN, Koert- Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 245  
 Date Attested to- October 27, 1888  
 SEE ORIGINAL DECLARATION OF INTENTION & FINAL PAPERS

DARTMAN, Reiner--Naturalization Record of Minors, Volume C, Page 194  
Date of Order- October 13, 1890 SEE ORIGINAL

DARRY, Michael--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 35  
Date Subscribed to- October 16, 1866 SEE ORIGINAL  
Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 156, Page 158  
Date of Order- October 23, 1866 SEE ORIGINAL

DARRY, Tobias--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 36  
Date Subscribed to- October 15, 1884

DASLER, Joseph--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 228  
Date Subscribed to- January 26, 1884

DAUMAN, Mathias--Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 200  
Age- 57, Date of Birth- February 24, 1859. Place of Birth-  
Dokowina, Austria-Hungary  
Date Subscribed to- January 10, 1918

DAUER, George--Declaration of Intention, Volume 1, Page 88  
Date Subscribed to- October 16, 1872

DAUER, John--Naturalization Record of Minors, Volume C, Page 293  
Date of Order- September 2, 1898 SEE ORIGINAL Petition and Final Oath

DAUER, Soloman--Declaration of Intention on October 1, 1859  
SEE ORIGINAL ONLY

BAUMAN, Hazel--Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 47275, Page 17  
Age- 31, Date of Order- September 20, 1926  
Petition and Record, Volume 4, Page 17  
Date of Birth- September 20, 1896. Place of Birth- Lincoln, Ill.  
Date Subscribed to- May 19, 1926

BAUMN, Hazel--Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 47275, Page 2  
Age- 26 Date of Order- June 9, 1924  
Petition and Record, Volume 4, Page 24  
Date of Birth- December 6, 1897. Place of Birth- Lincoln, IL

BAUMAN, Michael--Petition and Record, Volume 4, Page 19  
Date of Birth- January 22, 1894. Place of Birth- Bukowina Province,  
Austria. Date Subscribed to- October 16, 1923  
Also in Record of Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 155

BAMAN, Rudolph--Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 156  
Age- 24. Date of Birth- April 27, 1892. Place of Birth- Bukowisia  
Date Subscribed to- October 17, 1916

BAUMFALK, Tonjes--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 144  
Date Subscribed to- February 4, 1876  
Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 254  
Date of Order- October 8, 1880

## "PAPER TOWNS" OF LOGAN COUNTY

The year 1836 was the year of the great town lot craze. The rapid rise of Chicago started the boom and it spread over the entire state. The lure of sudden fortune aroused a gambling instinct for sudden gain. New towns were laid out to meet the many demands. Salesmen from the East were busy selling lots, lots often located in most unsuitable places for living. The early settlers themselves were caught up in the sales, believing that each town would grow into a successful city and the owners would become rich.

Logan County had her share in this wild excitement. Following is an account of some of Logan County's "paper towns", most of which never became any more than just that.

## BLOOMINGDALE

Probably the most famous and most successful was the proposed town of Bloomingdale, located in the southwest portion of what is now Eminence township, about four miles north of the present site of Lincoln, and three miles west of the present village of Lawndale.

In 1836 this area was a part of Tazewell County, as Logan was not established until 1839. Dr. G. M. Angell, of Atlanta, Illinois, in his account of the settlement for the Logan County Historical Society in 1901, gave the following details.

About 1835, a gentleman connected with President Jackson's administration and a relative of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, wrote a glowing account of Central Illinois, its wonderful prairies, timbers and streams and its great possibilities. The book was widely read and prospects grew immediately for settlement. An association was formed in Providence, Rhode Island, called the "Smithfield Emigration Association". One of the leading men in the Association was sent out to view the land. Given a favorable report, those responsible were directed to enter claims on behalf of the Association in whatever portion of the county they believed the most desirable for the location of a colony. Upon the advice of Reuben Ewing (later a judge of the Logan County Court) they chose a location between the Kickapoo and Sugar Creeks, which, in their report, they called rivers. They entered 16,000 acres of land extending from east of what is now Lawndale to Rocky Ford, between Kickapoo and Sugar Creeks, extending out into the prairie on both sides to the Delavan prairie in one direction, and south of Kickapoo in the other direction. The Association received a government patent for the land, signed by President Andrew Jackson.

The land was divided into eighty acre tracts, and a town plotted, the new proposed town to be called BLOOMINGDALE. It was surveyed by Thomas Wilson, Deputy Surveyor of Tazewell County, and the proprietors were Richard Ackman, William Rankin, Thomas Fletcher and George Cottingham, all well known early settlers. The new town was located in Secs 29 and 32 in Township 21. It called for a public square and a market place, and its streets named. The plat was recorded August 5, 1836, stock in the Association was sold at \$100 a share, and each share entitled the holder to one eighty acre tract and a lot in Bloomingdale. The colonists were expected to live in the town and go from there to farm their land. Lots were drawn to determine ownership.

Colonists were to emigrate in three installments over three successive years. The first installment started in 1837. They were all men and were to get everything ready for the second installment. Most of them were city people, clerks, and factory workers, none of them used to rural life and knew nothing of the hardships of the

frontier life. They built but few houses, and since the season was a wet one, they were soon suffering from chills and fevers and many of them died. Those who still had money returned to Rhode Island. Their report of conditions punctured the Bloomingdale boom. The idea got around that no white man could live in Illinois and so the other installment did not leave.

In 1838, another attempt was made to revive the colony. A saw mill was started and one or two stores opened. A frame school house was built and three or four dwellings erected.

Three men bought up the interests of those who had returned East and began another Bloomingdale boom, advocating transportation on the 'Kickapoo River'. Despite their persuasive efforts the project failed. Yet even as late as 1842 lots were being bought and sold in large numbers among the early settlers. The eighty acre tracts and town lots were largely sold for taxes and purchasers enforced their titles through obtaining quit claim deeds from the original owners. Many abstracts to farm land in this area today, will be found to contain transfers of Bloomingdale tracts and lots, but nothing remains of the original town, except a few rocks here and there.

The Bloomingdale school house built within a short distance of the town site, carried on the name. Even now, it is gone.

#### ALBANY

Another boom town was ALBANY, located near present Rocky Ford, on the west half of the southeast quarter of Section 6, and the west half of the northeast quarter of Section 7, in Township 19. Its proprietors were John Wright and John Donovan, and it was surveyed June 16, 1836 by Abraham Lincoln. Salt Creek divided the city in two parts, giving it advertising value of being located upon a running 'river'.

The town as laid out contained fourteen blocks, six belong to Wright and eight to Donovan. As far as is known, the town was always a paper town, no buildings ever having been erected, but the lot sales were good and transfers continued down to the 1850's. One lot was sold in 1852 by Ezekiel Bowman to Henry Peck. Other owners were David Enslow, William M. Glenn, David A. Glen, and William B. Brown, all residents of Logan County.

#### MADISON

There were two towns by the name of Madison laid out in the county in 1836. One was located in what is now Chester Township, on the Lincoln-Mt. Pulaski road, near what was afterwards known as Yankeetown. The town was laid out by William Carpenter, and was surveyed April 11, 1836, by T. M. Neal, County Surveyor of Sangamon County. The chain carriers were Alex Morrow and William Vandevender. The town contained sixteen blocks, and the streets were names Washington, Jefferson, Madison and Monroe, and from First to Seventh streets. The plat was vacated six years later by the proprietor, the venture not having been a success. However, lots were still sold when township organization was adopted, and the new township was called Madison, later changed to Chester. There is a cemetery (Bowers-Templeman) now upon the original site.

On August 23, 1836, another town of the same name was laid out in what is now Prairie Creek Township, in the northwest corner of present Logan County. The unusual thing of two towns of the same name in what is now Logan County, is probably due to the fact that at that time one was in Sangamon County and the other in Tazewell County. Madison was a popular name at the time as President Madison had just died.

The second town of Madison was laid out by Horace Johnson and Norman H. Purple, of Pennsylvania, and its lots were intended for sale in the East. It contained 42 blocks. Later, the proprietors assigned their interests to John B. Sloan, Benjamin M. Robinson, and John C. Flanagan. The town never materialized. Its old site was across the road from the Victory school house and not far from the Prairie Creek town hall.

#### RICHMOND

The platted town of Richmond preceded the town boom by two years, having been laid out in 1834. It was located but a quarter of a mile from the later town of Bloomingdale. It was surveyed on August 30, 1834 by Thomas C. Wilson, on the west half of the northeast quarter of Section 31, then a part of Tazewell County, now a part of Logan. The proprietor was Achilles M. Haden, of St. Louis. The plat showed a town of nine blocks, a public square in the center and streets named Main, Richmond, Washington and Pine.

The first lot sold was to Daniel Lantis, an early Logan county settler, for twenty-five dollars. All other lots were sold to mostly people in the East.

#### RUSHBROOK

This town was also laid out in 1834. It was located on Section 9 and 16, in what is not Eminence Township. It was located on Sugar Creek, from which it received its name, and was about a mile or so from what is not known as Gold Springs. It was surveyed May 6, 1834, and contained thirty-two blocks. Its proprietor was Alfred Orendorff.

#### LONDON

The town of LONDON was located on the northeast quarter of Section 15, in what is now Aetna Township. It was surveyed by Thomas N. Skinner, County Surveyor of Logan County, on November 3, 1839, being about the first of his official acts of the newly organized Logan County, for John Randolph, who was the proprietor. The chain carriers were Brooks Randolph and Lemuel Woodward. The city contained six blocks, and the streets were named Washington, LaFayette, Half and Main.

#### EMINENCE

The town of Eminence was laid out in September of 1836, not far from the site of Rushbrook, laid out two years before. It was surveyed by Thomas C. Wilson on the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of Section 9, in what is now Eminence Township. It contained twenty-one lots and its proprietors were John Margan and Philip B. Miles. While it never developed as a town, it did furnish the name for the township nearly thirty years later. The town plat was vacated on July 11, 1842. It received its name from being located on an eminence of ground.

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One town in which the seed fell on good soil, took root and grew was Mount Pulaski (1836). It was to become the county seat for a time and is still one of the larger cities of the present county.

Postville outdated Mt. Pulaski by one year and also survived. Postville is older than Chicago, the present Logan County was then a part of Sangamon County and Andrew Jackson was president of the United States.

Postville was laid out by Russell Post and contained forty blocks, and the street names were Washington, Main, Evans, McGraw, and First to Ninth in another direction. It contained a public park which is a part of the present city of Lincoln. Two additions were added to Postville on the theory that it would become a great city. The first house in Postville was built by John Sutton, and was a log structure 14x16 feet in size. It was later used for a hotel. The first store was



ARVID FRANCIS NELSON FAMILY HISTORY  
by Mrs. Christine Lansford  
January 6, 1983

Arvid Francis Nelson, my father, was born in Tyngsryd, Sweden, on August 2, 1888, in the Sveringen Province. He died on February 8, 1978. He had eight brothers and sisters, he being the oldest. They were Anna, Herman, John, Lily, Hilma, Robert, Nancy and Henning, who was born and died after Dad left Sweden. His parents were Carl Gustaf Niilsen and Eva Christine. In 1974 all of the children were living, most of them in California.

Kathleen Berg, my mother, was born at Iron Belt, Wisconsin, on June 16, 1890. Her parents were Louis (Ludvig) Berg, born in Norway about 1855, and Jenny (Jacobina) Jorgenson, born in Oslo, Norway in 1867. (Jenny lived next door to the King's palace and talked to the Princess through the fence.) Ludvig died at the age of 62 in September, 1917. Jenny died at the age of 84 in 1952. Louis came to the United States before Jenny, and they were married in Iron Belt, Wisconsin, moving to Bessemer, Michigan in 1900. They were buried at Hillcrest Cemetery in Bessemer. There were 5 children born to this union - Miss Nellie, (still alive as of this date), Kathleen, Henry, Edward, and Doris, who died in infancy. Nellie died on January 25, 1963, at the age of 93.

Arvid and Kathleen were married on July 26, 1910, at Virginia, Minnesota, and lived at Bessemer, Michigan. Mother died on December 16, 1977, after a lengthy illness. Dad died on February 8, 1978, seven weeks after Mom died. He said he didn't have a thing to live for, and knowing the love and attention he gave to Mom during her lifetime, and especially during her long illness with cancer, he really felt his life was over. He succumbed to pneumonia.

Dad left Sweden about 1903, at the age of 15. There was much famine in Sweden. He probably was sponsored by a cousin in Lena, Wisconsin, as he lived there with him and worked hard for him until he was 18. He never talked about his life in Sweden, or after he came to this country.

Arvid and Kathleen had 7 children. Carl Edward, born March 1, 1911, a daughter who died shortly after birth, Christine Linnea, born April 1, 1913, Francis, born March 24, 1915, Henry Reynold, born October 19, 1918, Margaret born August 10, 1920, and Eleanore Lorraine, born October 1, 1922. Carl died in 1972 from cancer.

Dad migrated to the Gogebic Range, where he found work in the mines, learning the blacksmith trade. He never worked underground. He first worked at the Ironton mine, and later at the Davis mine. When I was born, we lived at the Davis location, which consisted of a few "company" houses. The mining companies owned the houses and rented them to the employees. When the mines were closed, the houses were sold and moved to other areas. I can remember going to the blacksmith shop to watch Dad work. We were fascinated at the sparks which flew when he pounded the red hot metal into shape and then threw it into the cold sater, repeating the process until he had fashioned whatever tool was needed. He was very good at his job.

When we lived at Davis, I had a good friend, Sylvia, who was Finnish. Her mother didn't learn any English, so I picked up quite a bit of Finnish. We played house, slid down the slag piles in Winter on a piece of cardboard, and just had fun. We moved to Puritan when I was about 5, and lived for a time in one of the "ompany" houses there. I started school there in a large wooden building, with two classes in each room. Ann Salmi and I were promoted from the 1st grade to the second that year, during the middle of the term. Ann, Dorothy Anderson, and Amanda Vaara were my best friends then and through High School.

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The mining company provided a lot of tax money to the County. A new brick school was built at Puritan. We had some good teachers. Mrs. Penglase was our 6th grade teacher. She said she hoped we wouldn't get our directions mixed up as she had to place the map on the South side as the North side was the window side. (I wonder if that is when my sense of direction became mixed up.) She was a strict teacher, but we learned a lot from her. Our music teacher was a cute little thing, who wore the latest fashions, but didn't dress warmly enough. She ended up with tuberculosis and was out of school for a year or more. She made music enjoyable for all of us. When we got to Junior High, she had the schools in the district--Anvil, Ramsey and Puritan, join together in performing operettas. We practiced at Ramsey, and had a great time going down there and mingling with the other school children. A Home Economics class was started in Junior High, also. For sewing, we had to make "Hoover" aprons, which were quite difficult with bound buttonholes for the belt to go through so that it could be wrapped around us. These were made of heavy white cotton. They were to be worn when we had our cooking classes, which consisted mostly of making soup for the whole school for their lunches. I especially remember making pea soup, which I liked. Lunches were free to the children. When we were making the aprons, Dorothy Anderson was assigned to measure my hem. She was rather timid, and kept me standing so long on a little platform that I fainted, the first time I had ever done that. When I came to, I went home, but returned to class that afternoon.

When the old school was closed, Dad and Uncle Henry decided the lumber in it would make a good house, so Dad bought it and dismantled it, saving enough to practically build our house. He bought five acres of land close to the new school, and we all helped to clear the land. We had an old mule for a while, but it was hard work getting it to do anything. Henry helped Dad with the plans, and the house got built. At first, we had a large kitchen range in it, and heating stove, but it was a good warm house, with hardwood floors, seven rooms, and quite comfortable. Later, a toilet stool was added to the basement, which was certainly a big help, especially in the Winter. Everyone had outdoor johns, and with temperature sometimes dropping to 40 below zero, one didn't make any more trips there than necessary. Later on, one of the bedrooms upstairs was made into a bathroom, and we had all the comforts we needed. A furnace was added later, and other improvements.

We had a big garden, planting potatoes, carrots, onions, corn, rutabagas, and peas. My job sometimes was to get the bugs off the potato plants, which meant knocking the bugs off into a pail with kerosene in it. I hated it, but we all had our chores to do, and did them. Later there were raspberry plants, apple trees, strawberries, and all the flowers that Mom could possibly want. Our yard was really pretty when Mom got her flowers blooming. We also went up to the bluffs to pick wild raspberries, which grew in profusion in the cut-over areas which the lumbermen had been through. We walked for miles, I am sure, and came home with buckets full of berries. By the time we got home, the buckets were half full of juice. We canned these and all the produce from the garden which we could, so we ate well. In the Winter, there always was a side of beef or venison in a little box which was built for that purpose and kept on the back porch. Mom would go out with her knife and cut off the frozen meat we had to eat. The venison, of course, was from Dad's hunting expeditions. There was always fish available too, whenever there was time to go fishing, or whenever the urge to go was there. We never went hungry. Mom baked our bread, and made delicious rye bread, plus cakes, cookies, and pies. Dorothy Anderson's father had a store in Puritan where we bought things we needed. I often went to the store and got what we needed. I never had to make a list, and Mom always thought it was unusual that I always got everything she





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barn and play house in it. It was a dirty job, but playing house was worth it. We also had chickens.

When Fran was quite little, she went to Grandma's to live. We understood she was to help Grandma and be there with her while Nellie taught, and Eddie and Henry worked. Fran seemed to have the best of everything to the rest of us, but she says she always wondered why she was sent away. When Grandma's came up to visit, Fran always seemed to have something new to wear and a bag of candy. It caused a little resentment on our part, especially when Eddie tease us unmercifully. She came home to live later on.

I joined the Camp Fire Girls, and we went camping at Mellen a couple of summers. I learned to swim there, and had a nice time. Our biggest memories revolve around our trips to the bluffs, summer vacations with Dad, and wintertime fun. My sisters, neighbor girls Mary Zorich and Eila Ollikainen would often take off on a summer afternoon to walk out to the bluffs. Occasionally, Hank would go with us. It was quite a long walk, through the woods below the house, to the railroad tracks, across the railroad bridge near Siemens' Pond, across the road, and up to the bluff which we particularly liked to climb. We would manage to climb up somehow, and sit and watch the world go by. I could see our house in the distance, but Mary Zorich could only see the road. I guess that was the first time I realized there was a difference in what people could see. Sometimes some of us would try to get down from the bluff the hard way by shinnying down some steep rocks. Once the farmer who lived there stood and watched a couple of do that, and he was really scared. Hank found a rock which had been carved with an eagle's head at the top of the bluff, and this really interested him. One day I didn't want to climb up the bluff, so stayed behind near a little water hole where the horses drank. A little garter snake came swimming into it. I never particularly cared for snakes, and grabbed a stick and held the snake under water, and then proceeded to drag it out on the stick and kill it. Then I skinned it. When the rest of whatever gang was with us that day came down from the bluff, I showed them what I had done. They were flabberbasted, as I guess I was too.

When we got a bit older, Dad would take us kids on a week's camping trip. Mom never wanted to go. (It probably was a vacation for her not to have all of us around so that she could have some peace and quiet.) We piled the old car full of camping gear and food for the week. Since I was the oldest girl, I was made responsible for keeping the younger ones in line, and doing the cooking. We drove as far as we could on the road, and one time I remember we got the old Model-T on the railroad tracks to get to where we wanted to get the boat in the lake. We kids finally got out and walked as we thought it would be easier than the bumping on the tracks. There are so many lakes in the area southeast of where we lived, and that is where we went. We swam, fished, and hiked and had a great time. Sometimes we girls fished, but most of the time the men<sup>and</sup> boys did. There was a lot of fish cooked during that week. On the last day, everything in the food line was put in the pot, and we ate it all up. I remember even putting in a can of baked beans, and that really did flavor up the pot. Once, Dad and I portaged a new boat which Uncle Henry and Uncle Eddie helped Dad build. We went through a chain of lakes and met the rest of the gang at Cisco Lake. Cisco was a beautiful lake, and practically unknown at that time. Now it is a well developed area. Once when we girls were there and the guys had gone fishing, I swam across an inlet, showing off my swimming ability(?) to my sisters. When Dad came in and found that I had done that, I really got a scolding, for we were not supposed to do that unless he was around. We were the only family around who did things like camping together, and now I realize how lucky we were.

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We often took drives on Sunday afternoon, and remember especially going to North Bessemer and around and to Molasses Hill. It was a steep hill, and muddy. In order to get up it one time, we all had to get out while Dad backed the car up it, probably for better traction, and to get more gas to the engine. In the Winter Dad would bring the battery in the house and put it in the oven to warm it up so that the car would start. Cars had to be cranked those days, and sometimes were very slow about starting. Cars didn't have side enclosures for a long time, and when they did, they were of some canvaslike material, with isinglass enclosures. In the Winter, the visibility was almost nil, especially during a snowstorm. Once when Dad and I got a ride home from Ironwood one Saturday night, we were in a driving blizzard. When we got out of the car, I was totally disorganized, and insisted we were going the wrong way home.

Springtime was always welcome after the long and cold winters we had. When most of the snow had melted, some of us would walk down near the steel bridge to look for trailing arbutus. We would have to brush the snow away to find it, and were so happy when we did. Although there was usually between 200 and 300 inches of snow in the Winter, I don't remember any flooding when the snow finally was gone. The lower part of the field which was part of our land, was quite swampy at that time. In Spring, that area would be filled with pretty yellow swamp lilies. The yard would be filled with Jack-in-the-pulpit, Spring Beauties, Trillium, and other flowers. There was a spring in the neighboring yard which would be full then, but is no longer visible. The area below the house was finally drained, and several houses moved in there.

Summer activities also included walking to Bessemer a lot, just lying around in the grass, picking clover and making chains, and just passing the time when the work was done.

The leaves in the Fall were quite spectacular. Winter soon came, and with it, the cold and snow. Although suitable clothing as we know it today, was unknown, we did manage to be outdoors a lot. We had to wear long legged underwear, which were a pain to us girls. The bottom of the legs had to be wrapped around the legs, and then stockings put over that. This was especially a pain to us girls when we went to High School in Bessemer, but necessary. Sometimes, even though it was cold out and the snow rather high, the sun would come out and we would play house in the yard, making doll furniture of the snow. We skied down our hill, making a "bump" from the hard packed snow. We rode our sleds down the hill from the Puritan School, all the way down past Grandma's house, and down another hill before we came to a stop. Sometimes someone would have a toboggan, and we would all pile on that. We ice skated, both at Siemen's Pond, and at the indoor rink at Bessemer. We always seemed to find something to do.

Once, when we came home from Puritan School, we found a trail of blood on the railroad tracks. We followed it and found that a dog evidently had been loping along with his tongue hanging out, and the tongue hit the rails and was torn out. It really got cold.

There was a town hall nearby, which was built up high, having several steps to reach the top. The bottom part was enclosed with lumber. The Holy Roller Church would have revivals there, and everyone was invited to come. When we had nothing else to do, we kids would go. The preacher would get wound up and start jumping over the ledge which was built to keep the election judges from the people. He really got carried away. He would get everyone singing, and gave a plaque to the

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one who sang the loudest. The plaques were printed with a Bible verse. One night, I won one, and was really happy about it. I had it in my room for a long time. Members only were allowed at their Sunday meetings. We often wondered what went on at those meetings.

Some nights, the Northern Lights were just spectacular. One night I came home and just couldn't go in the house, because I was so enthralled with those lights. The colors were beautiful, and they danced all over the sky.

Christmas at our house was always in the Swedish tradition. Dad would bring home a dried lutefisk sometime before Christmas, and this was put in a washtub full of lye water. The dried lutefisk was almost like a board, dark brown and stiff. When it was soaked the required time, it became thick and white. Christmas Eve we had boiled lutefisk, boiled potatoes and milk gravy as the main ingredients. We had a Christmas Tree with real red candles on a clip which fastened to the tree. Dad was always careful so that it would not get caught on fire. On Christmas Day, we usually went to Grandma's for dinner.

The year when Dick was six, we spent a month in Michigan for my health. It was partly the Christmas vacation time. There happened to be no snow on Christmas Eve, and Dick was really disappointed. When we woke up Christmas morning, there was so much snow that the snowplows hadn't got around yet, and it was 40 below zero. We had to walk to Grandma's, which was about 6 blocks away, and almost froze. I didn't have any snow pants, so I wore 3 pairs of hose, but still got cold. Grandma usually had roast veal for dinner.

Most of my Dad's family came to the United States. His sister Anna lived at Hurley, Wisconsin, and was married to Dave Johnson. They had one daughter, Anna May. Dave was a contractor and made quite a lot of money. Aunt Anna and Anna May liked to flaunt their wealth, but they ended up poor too since Dave drank and gambled a lot. Occasionally, I would spend a night with them, but they liked to show off too much to suit me.

I remember Dad's brother John, for he used to visit once in a while, as his brother Robert did, too. Aunt Emmy (probably the one named Hilma) came to our house to stay once. She was a lovely person. I shared my bed with her. She helped cook, and one of my favorites was the fruit soup she made with some of the raspberries we had canned. A cousin of Dad's lived at Iron Belt, and we went there occasionally. He liked to drink, and Mom highly disapproved of that.

Since Mom's family lived close, we go to see them often. Grandma Berg was a wonderful old lady. She befriended so many people who were in need without telling anyone about it. When she died, many people sent letters to the family and to the newspaper telling what she had done for them. She kept house for the family. On the day she died, she had walked down the hill to the store (about 4 blocks), got her groceries and walked home. She lay on the couch and died there.

Aunt Nell taught school in the area. Every Summer, it seemed, she went back to school. She was an active member of the Baptist Church and supported it. She was little and very energetic. During the Summer vacation, she would, in later years, work at the Church campgrounds at Lake Superior.

Uncle Henry lived at home until he married later in life. He bummed the the rails and went to California one time. He played the cornet beautifully, and I loved to listen to him. At Christmas time, we always got a classical record from

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He later married Ragna Bradley, and they had one son, David.

Uncle Eddie was a terrible tease. We used to get so aggravated with him. When Fran lived with them, he always took her part against the rest of us. Eddie also went to California during the depression days. He played the cornet, too, but not as well as Henry. He loved to ice skate, and could do some fancy skating.

Uncle Henry, in later years, did some beautiful marquetry work. I used to love to go down to their house to see the pretty pictures he made from the woods he had imported from all over the world. It was always my desire to have one of them, but he wouldn't sell any.

My brother Carl was always interested in electrical things. When he was quite young, he got into amateur radio, building his own sets. I used to help him wind the wire around the salt boxes for the sets, as he didn't have the patience to do that. We could be so thrilled when he was able to get stations on the sets. He had the first Amateur Radio license in that area, Station W9DNK. He ended up as the Electrical Superintendent at the mines. He was quicktempered, and could be hard to get along with. He went from one thing to another. He owned some land at Lake Superior, had a speed boat there, and loved to fly along with it.

Fran, as we called her, was quite little when she went to live with Grandma. I really don't remember too much of her then, except when they all came up for dinner. When she came back to live with us, she would go with us on our trips to the bluffs and other places. She went to the Lake, too, and I remember the time she threw her fish line into a pond and caught a big bass. We tried to get one, but didn't have her luck.

Margaret was always more lady-like than the rest of us. She liked to have nice things, and wasn't interested in the tomboy style the rest of us lived.

We went to High School in Bessemer, riding the school bus. This was great fun. We had 3 years there, as our Freshman year was at the Puritan School. We had good teachers. I took three years of Latin, though I don't remember much of it. At noon, especially when it was cold out, one of the older girls would get up on the stage and pound the piano. The boys would really clap, though they were just making fun of her, as she was quite a character. I remember a pleated green skirt I had, which was my favorite. Everyone of us girls had one, and we spread them out on our seats. We didn't have many changes of clothes those days, so my green skirt got a workout. Sometimes, instead of taking the bus home, we would walk the three or four miles. Walking was a favorite pastime then.

When I graduated from High School, I got a job as Nurses Aide at the Grand View Hospital. I stayed there, and earned the big sum of \$10.00 a week, I believe. I wasn't old enough to get into Nurses Training until the following February, when I was accepted at the Chicago Memorial Hospital. That is another story.

Christine Nelson married Charles P. Lansford on Nov., 17, 1932. Of this union four children were born--Richard N. of Littleton, Co., Dr. Charles L. Lansford of Champaign, Virginia Carlson of Lombard, Ill., and James E. of Chillicothe, Ohio. There are 8 grandchildren.

Dad's youngest sister still lives at the family home. Her name is: Lilly Gustafson, P. L. 1290 Flexmala, Tyngsryd, Sweden.

1839---A Celebration of Logan County---1989

Since the beginning they have come from all walks of life representing all races and nationalities of people. Some were wealthy. Others were poor. Ages were represented by the old and the spirited young. However, they all had one thing in common as they settled in Logan County over the past 150 years--a dream. A dream--that the lives of their children would be better than that which they had themselves. That dream became the legacy left behind throughout the economic, political, and social development of Logan County.

Throughout the history of Logan County, Illinois, Abraham Lincoln became a symbol of the dream that one could rise from a dirt floor cabin and become someone. To the citizens of Logan County as well as throughout the world Lincoln became the symbol of the cause of humanitarianism, justice, freedom, and true democracy--all personified within one individual.

To commemorate the 150th Anniversary of the establishment of Logan County in 1839 the Logan County Genealogical and Historical Society is sponsoring the reprinting of the 1873, 1893, and 1910 Logan County Atlases into one special edition for the celebration this summer. The books will become available in late August when most of the festivities will occur. To reserve your copy of the 150th Anniversary Edition of the Logan County Atlases complete the following order blank below.

ORDER BLANK

Enclosed please find check/money order in the amount of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ for reprints of the Atlases of Logan County, Illinois, 1873, 1893, 1910. Pre-publication price is \$30 per book which includes all three years. (After July 25, 1989 the price is \$35 per book.) Please add \$3.50 per copy if the atlas is to be mailed.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

City/State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip: \_\_\_\_\_

Make checks payable to and mail with order to:

Logan County Genealogical and Historical Society  
Post Office Box 283  
Lincoln, Illinois 62656

Please check if you would like an application for membership in the Society. \_\_\_\_\_

Did you know:

- ...that birth records were not required in Illinois until 1878?
- ...that parents' names did not appear on marriage certificates in Illinois until 1878?
- ...that parents' names did not appear on death certificates in Illinois until 1911?
- ...that in all states formed from the Northwest Territory, the wife's name must appear on the Grantor's Deed to show that she is giving her consent for the property sale?

North Central Ill. Gen. Soc. - Quarterly, Vol. XI, No. 1, Dec. 1988

TOMBSTONE RUBBINGS:

A good rubbing of a tombstone inscription can be made by using Pellon attached with masking tape and using a lumberman's crayon. Pellon is a brand of interfacing material and can be purchased by the yard in any fabric store. It is available in white, cream and black, and it can be framed to make a very attractive wall hanging. Lumberman's crayons come in colors at your local hardware store. They do not melt, smudge nor smear like chalk or graphite.

McLean Co. Gen. Soc. - Newsletter, Vol. XXIII, No. 2, Feb. 1989



THE FRUSTRATIONS OF THE GENEALOGICAL BUFF

How true it is that we today, are made of many strains,  
Our ancestors were hardy souls who suffered many pains.  
We search the records of their deeds, and learn that they were brave,  
They loved their country, and when called their life they gladly gave.  
We rove the grounds where ancient bones are quiet in repose,  
The weather beaten headstones only faintly do disclose....  
The vital information, which we copy down in haste,  
And then we muse and ponder, how our ties to them are based.  
The given name of grown men folk was given their male heir,  
And, he in turn, so named his child, confusing us for fair.  
If only "we are want to cry..."If only we had asked,"...those dear old folks  
Who loved to talk of kin and times long passed.  
So on we go, in constant search of facts and names and dates.  
We hope some day to meet our kin who wait at Heaven's gates.  
Our questions then will be of naught, but those we've left behind  
Belatedly, will join the search, tis normal for mankind!  
Procrastination is the thief of time, the sage is told....  
We never learn, till late the hour, that time is worth pure gold.

From Genealogical Helper  
Mrs. N. G. Corder  
Morgantown, W. Virginia 26505

LOGAN CO. GENEALOGICAL & HISTORICAL SOC.  
P.O. Box 283  
Lincoln, Ill. 62656



150th anniversary of the establishment of Logan County in 1838. Pre-publication price of \$30.00 offered until July 25, 1989. Order blank is on the last sheet of this Quarterly.

#### MEMBERSHIP DUES

QUARTERLY is published in January, April, July, and October by Logan County Genealogical and Historical Society, P.O. Box 283, Lincoln, IL 62656. Membership dues in the Society are: \$8.00 annually for single members; \$9.00 for family (2 Members only) plus \$1.00 for each additional member in excess of 2 persons; \$5.00 for student; \$15.00 for contributing membership; and Life Membership \$100.00. Please enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope for your membership card. Yearly dues are from Jan. 1 through Dec. 31.

We welcome your Bible and church records, school and court records, family records, and stories, also your ancestor charts. Anyone who has any material they would like to submit for our next Quarterly--Oct., 1989--please send to Viola Richert, R.R. 1, Box 40, Beason, IL 62512. Back issues of Quarterlies are \$2.00.

#### LIBRARIAN

Our Society library is in the home of our Librarian, Lucille Henrichsmeyer, 817 Decatur St., Lincoln, Ill. 62656, Phone (217) 732-4435. She has a microfiche reader with microfiche of Illinois Marriages and the Joseph Brown Turner collection from Delaware which includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, N. Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, and Virginia. Also, she has Quarterlies from our Society and other Societies in and out of state, and some books.

The library facilities are available to all members Wednesday afternoons from 2 to 5 P.M. Also, the material available may be used at other times by phoning Lucille for an appointment. It is hoped members will use this material in their research. Please give Lucille a call.

#### PIONEER CERTIFICATES

Pioneer Certificates are now available from Logan County Genealogical and Historical Society. If an ancestor of yours lived in Logan County any time from its beginning up to and including 1880, then you are eligible for a certificate (you need not have ever lived in Logan County). The Certificates are \$5.00 each printed on parchment-look paper. Proof your ancestor lived in Logan County can include county records, marriage licenses, death certificates, county histories, Bible records, cemetery records, census records, etc. Each generation must be proved. A common mistake is lack of proof that the ancestor was in the County, Be sure to include everything and follow directions. To obtain an application, enclose SASE. Write: Logan County Genealogical & Historical Society, Attn. Pioneer Certificate, P.O. Box 283, Lincoln, Ill. 62656.

#### CONFERENCES

- Sept. 2 Champaign Co. G.S. Annual Conference at the Jumer's Castle Lodge in Urbana - Marguerite Butzow, Registration Chairman, RR 1, Box 25, St. Joseph, IL 61873
- 16 Henry Co. G.S. Fall Seminar - Henry Co. G.S., P.O. Box 346, Kewanee, IL 61443
- Oct. 28-29 ISGS Fall Conference, Lisle, IL







mation who their children married: Phillip, Benjamin F., Sarah, Peter, Daniel, Samuel, Emery, Jane, John, James Jefferson, James' twin brother born and died 1846, and George W.

Mrs. Marilyn S. FOX. 706 Grand Ave., Lincoln, Ill. 62656, is researching the following surnames: HUBBELL, FOX, CP:INS, MALANDRONE, SHROYER. SULLIVAN

Raymond G. GIMBEL, R.R. 3, Lincoln, Ill. 62656, is researching the following surnames: St. JOHN EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, St. JOHN EVANGELICAL DEACONESS HOSPITAL, ABRAHAM LINCOLN MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, and FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Lincoln, and family history.

Mrs. Sandra Kay TIBBETT, 10364 Carrolwood Lane #225, Tampa, Fla. 33618, is researching the following surnames: PEAT, SCUDDER, SUMMERS, TILDEN.

RULES FOR TEACHERS 1872

1. Teachers each day will fill lamps, clean chimneys.
2. Each teacher will bring a bucket of water and a scuttle of coal for the day's session.
3. Make your pens carefully. You may whittle nibs to the individual taste of the pupils.
4. Men teachers may take one evening each week for courting purposes, or two evenings a week if they go to church regularly.
5. After ten hours in school, the teachers may spend the remaining time reading the Bible or other good books.
6. Women teachers who marry or engage in unseemly conduct will be dismissed.
7. Every teacher should lay aside from each pay a goodly sum of his earnings for his benefit during his declining years so that he will not become a burden on society.
8. Any teacher who smokes, uses liquor in any form, frequents pool or public halls, or gets shaved in a barber shop will give good reason to suspect his worth, intention, integrity and honesty.
9. The teacher who performs his labor faithfully and without fault for five years will be given an increase of twenty-five cents per week in his pay, providing the board of Education approves.

McLean County Gen. Soc. - Vol. XXIII, No. 4, April, 1989

HELPFUL TIP

For a neat SASE, use a #9 size envelope inside a #10 (business) size envelope. No folding needed.

Stephenson Co. Gen. Soc. - Swoghen Vol. 7, No. 2, May, 1989

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Attention

The following Naturalization Records are a continuation from the Logan Co. Gen. & Hist. Society Quarterly, April, 1989, page 54.

NATURALIZATION RECORDS CONTINUED

- BAUMGARDNER, John--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 189  
 Date Subscribed to- March 10, 1879 SEE ORIGINAL  
 Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 111  
 Date Attested to- March 17, 1881 SEE ORIGINAL
- BAURER (BAUER), Soloman- Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 22  
 Date of Order- October 1, 1859 SEE ORIGINAL
- BAUMHARDT, Hugo--Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 19579, Page 36  
 Age= 37 Date of Order- May 19, 1919  
 Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 58. Date of Birth-December 26, 1881  
 Place of Birth-- Unterjochenbach, Germany.  
 Date Subscribed to- December 14, 1912  
 See also Petition and Record, Volume 3, Page 27
- BAXTER, Samuel-- Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 201  
 Age- 38, Date of Birth- April 3, 1879  
 Place of Birth- Casetown, England. Date Subscribed-- February 21, 1918
- BECCARD, L. A.--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 366  
 Date Attested to- October 10, 1896 SEE ORIGINAL
- BECHMAN, Christian--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 42  
 Date of Order- March 30, 1860
- BECK, August-- Naturalization Record of Minors, Volume C, Page 54  
 Date of Order- November 7, 1882 SEE ORIGINAL
- BECK, Christian--Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 3404, Page 5  
 Age-24 years, 5 months Date of Order- January 18, 1909  
 Petition and Record, Volume 1, Page 28  
 Date of Birth- September 26, 1884 Place of Birth-Wurdenberg, Germany  
 Date Subscribed to- October 14, 1908 SEE ORIGINAL
- BECK, Herman Carl- Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 6898, Page 13  
 Age- 23 years, 11 months. Date of Order- May 15, 1911  
 Declaration of Intention, Volume 1, Page 38  
 Date of Birth- June 22, 1887. Place of Birth- Grossaspach, Wurrtemberg,  
 Germany. Date Subscribed to- August 14, 1908  
 Also in Petition and Record, Volume 2, Page 13
- BECK, Raymond- Naturalization Record of Minors, Volume C, Page 107  
 Date of Order- January 14, 1887 SEE ORIGINAL
- BEACKARD, Louie A. Declaration of Intention  
 Date Subscribed to- December 21, 1891 SEE ORIGINAL ONLY
- BECKENDACH, George Michael- Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 26  
 Date Subscribed to- April 25, 1864 SEE ORIGINAL
- BECKMANN, Albert- Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 249  
 Date Subscribed to- April 2, 1886
- BECKS, William- Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 221  
 Date Subscribed to- November 1, 1882



REVOLUTIONARY WAR SOLDIERS BURIED IN LOGAN COUNTY

There are six American Revolutionary War soldiers buried in Logan County cemeteries. They are as follows:

**JOHN DOWNING:**

Born: After 1762      Died: Dec. 18, 1838, aged abt 76 years  
 Buried: Bowers-Templeman Cemetery, Logan County  
 Spouse: Hannah Frakes Died Aug. 20, 1842, aged abt 76 years  
 Children: Robert, John, Josiah, Sarah, Hannah, James, Nathan,  
 William, Mary.  
 Residences: Moved from Pennsylvania to Ross County, Ohio about  
 1800.  
 Service: Private: Pennsylvania. Served in Captain James  
 Scott's Eighth Company, Third Battalion, Washington  
 County Pennsylvania Militia.  
 Sources: DAR records, Patron Index, and family records.

**HENRY KIMES:**

Born 1759 in Chester County, Pennsylvania  
 Died: Aug. 22, 1833  
 Buried: Zion Cemetery, Logan County. Government headstone  
 DAR marker  
 Married: about 1780      Spouse: Hannah Randolph  
 Service: Private: Pennsylvania. Served in Captain Edward  
 Vernon's Company in the Chester County Militia in 1780,  
 and in Captain James Denning's Company in 1781 & 1782.  
 Marker: His grave is marked by the Abraham Lincoln Chapter of  
 the DAR.  
 Sources: DAR, Patriot Index and "American Revolutionary Soldiers  
 Buried in Illinois" by Harriet J. Walker.

**HENRY Lantis:**

Born: About 1764      Died: Dec. 22, 1841 ae. 77 yr. 8 mo.16da.  
 Buried: Reed cemetery, West Lincoln Township, Logan County  
 Spouse: Susanna, born about 1759, died Dec. 23, 1834  
 Residences: Came from Ohio and settled in the Sugar Creek sett;e-  
 ment. There is a land entry for him in West Lincoln  
 Township in 1824.

**ABRAHAM LUCAS:**

Born 1761 in Morris County, New Jersey  
 Died: July 2, 1841      Buried: Steenberg Cemetery  
 Spouse: Marcey Kelsey,      Died August 1835, aged 71 years.  
 Service: Indian spy, Pennsylvania. Enlisted in Captain Bromtpm's  
 Company, Col. Lachlen McIntosh's Regiment, serving four  
 months in the frontier of Pennsylvania. Served as a spy  
 in an expedition against the Indians.  
 Pension: \$6503 (Penn.). Applied for a pension in 1836 from  
 Springfield, Sangamon County, and it was not granted as he  
 had served less than six months.  
 Sources: DAR, Pension, "American Revolution Soldiers buried in  
 Illinois" by Harriet J. Walker, also the Sangamon County  
 Genealogical Society.

**HUMPHREY SCROGGIN:**

Born 1763 in the Carolinas. Died: July 1845, Logan County.  
Buried: Steenberg cemetery, Mt. Pulaski Township.

Spouse: Sarah Kirby

Service: Private: Virginia. Served in Captain S. Tarrant's Company with Major George Waller, Col. Abram Penn's Regiment. In 1781 his regiment was ordered from Henry County, Virginia, to the assistance of General Edward Stevens and General Nathaniel Greene at the battle of Guilford Court House. He was also at the siege of Yorktown.

Pension: R9362 (Virginia).

Residence: Living Sangamon County when pension claim was rejected for "not having had six months service".

Sources: DAR, Patriot Index, Pension.

**JAMES TURLEY:**

Born in 1761 in Virginia.

Died: June 4, 1836 Buried: Carlyle cemetery. Mt. Pulaski township.

Spouse: (1) Agned Kirby, married in Virginia May 10, 1781  
(2) Mrs. Sarah (Hoblett) Lucas, widow of Thomas Lucas.

Children: Sarah/Agnes, David, Elizabeth, Samuel, Charles, William, John, James, George W., Nancy, Thomas J, Lucy, Emily, Agnes.

Residences: From Virginia he moved to Kentucky, carrying their two first born children in baskets, one swung on each side of a steady pack horse. He later settled in what is now Mt. Pulaski township, Logan county. He was living near Lake Fork timber in the spring of 1820. He was an arbitrator among the Indians, who called him "Big Chief".

Services: Private: Virginia. He enlisted in 1777 in Captain Thomas Pollard's Company, Col. Ramsey's Regiment. He served four weeks in 1781 in Col. Lyon's Regiment. He was in the battle of Germantown.

Pension: Illinois Pension Roll, Sangamon County, March 16, 1833, aged 72.

Marker: His name is on a bronze marker at the Old State Capitol; in Springfield, Illinois, placed by Springfield Chapters of the DAR and SAR, October 19, 1911.  
DAR records, NSDAR, Patriot Index, Pension.

The names of the above veterans appear on a plaque placed in the Logan County Court House, Lincoln, Illinois by the Abraham Lincoln Chapter of the DAR on June 27, 1975.

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Diplomacy is the art of letting someone else have your way.

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DEDICATION

THE AVENUE OF FLAGS

VEAIL CHAPEL

STEENBERGEN CEMETERY

May 29, 1989

We welcome you to the dedication of Steenbergen Cemetery's Avenue of Flags which will be displayed each Memorial Day and on other appropriate holidays. There is a flag for each of the sixty-six members of the United States armed forces whom we know to be buried here. We also plan to have a service roster of these veterans for an inside wall of the Veail Chapel. Should you know of additions or corrections, please notify a member of the cemetery board.

There is a nameplate on the staff of each flag giving the veteran's name, branch of service and the war in which he fought. Rank has been deliberately omitted. The plates are black with white lettering except for the three who were killed during combat. Their plates are gold with black lettering and also give the date and place of death. Those so honored are:

Charles D. Copeland U. S. Army Civil War Killed at Haines Bluff,  
Mississippi July 12, 1863

Zachary Taylor Fuiten U. S. Army World War I  
Killed in France November 10, 1918

Michael Scroggin U. S. Marine Killed in Viet Nam  
February 14, 1967

It was impossible to put each soldier's flag near his grave so we have alphabetized the names of those who fought in each war and arranged them in chronological order. Numbering begins on the driveway to your right and looking northwest from the chapel. (A map was included to help locate the flag dedicated to your ancestor, relative or loved one).

Again we acknowledge the gift of Mr. Ira Veail whose legacy made this project possible.

Steenbergen Cemetery Board

Henry Frank Buckles, President  
Wilford Scroggin, Vice-President  
Joseph W. Lucas, Sec-Treas.  
Otto Henrichsmeyer  
G. Larry Wilham  
Donald A. Riedle  
J. Dalen Shellhammer

Ed. Note: This roster was prepared by J. Dalen Shellhammer, Illiopolis, Illinois, for the dedication services. Our sincere thanks for permission to include it in this quarterly issue.

PATRIOT ROSTER FOR STEENBERGEN CEMETERY

Revolutionary War 1775 - 1783

LUCAS, Abraham Colonial Army (1761-1841)  
 SCROGGIN, Hjmphrey Colonial Army (1863-1845)

Winnebago War 1826 - 1827

BIRKS, Jeremiah U. S. Army (1783-1842)  
 BUCKLES, Robert U. S. Army (1798-1866)

Black Hawk War 1832 - 1833

COPELAND, John D. U. S. Army (1813-1893)  
 LUCAS, George B. U. S. Army (1813-1847)  
 LUCAS, James U. S. Army ( - )  
 MCKINNEY, William U. S. Army ( - )  
 TURNER, William U. S. Army (1801-1882)

Mexican War 1846 - 1848

GIBSON, John W. U. S. Army ( - )

CIVIL War 1861 - 1865

BIRKS, Jeremiah U. W. Army (1842-1905)  
 BIRKS, Riley U. S. Army ( - )  
 COPELAND, Charles U. S. Army (1840-1863)  
 COPELAND, Robert U. S. Army (1842-1904)  
 DEFREES, Henry C. U. S. Army (1846-1917)  
 DEMMITT, James Fletcher U. S. Army (1839-1928)  
 DITZLER, Benjamin U. S. Army (1833-1878)  
 DPABING, Richard U. S. Army (1846-1927)  
 EWING, John W. U. S. Army (1825-1863)?  
 GIRTMAN, Jugh Collins U. S. Army (1840-1929)  
 GRIGGS, Henry B. U. S. Army (1822-1895)  
 HANDLIN, Daniel Dodge U. S. Army (1842-1924)  
 HARBERT, Eli U. S. Army (1840-1920)  
 LUCAS, James F. U. S. Army ( - )  
 LUCAS, John W. U. S. Army ( - )  
 PAYNE, Willis Franklin Confederate Army (1843-1926)  
 SCROGGIN, Alfred C. U. S. Army (1842-1928)  
 WALKER, John T. U. S. Army ( - )  
 WRIGHT, James U. S. Army (1824-1909)

Spanish-American War 1898

SIMPSON, William J. U. S. Army ( - )

World War I 1917 - 1918

BIRKS, George Raymond U. S. Army (1891-1945)  
 BIRKS, John Milton U. S. Army (1895-1944)



STEENBERGEN DEDICATION

Written and delivered by J. Dalen Shellhammer

The flags we dedicate today have in reality already been dedicated over a period of more than two centuries. The military record of each veteran gives testimony to his belief in the ideals of freedom that we cherish as our heritage and that these flags represent. The dedication began over two hundred years ago with the service of the Revolutionary War soldiers who are buried here and who joined in a seemingly hopeless rebellion against the greatest military power of that time. The republic that they helped to establish has been defended and protected through the years by the other veterans we remember this day.

So when you see these flags being flown on this and subsequent holidays, we hope that you will see more than the beauty and grandeur of the banners themselves; that you will see more than the majesty of the hillside where they are displayed; that you will see more than the quiet serenity of a small country cemetery. We hope that you will remember with gratitude and humility the military service of the sixty-six veterans buried here and that you will make certain that the blessings of liberty which they fought to preserve are passed unsullied to the generations yet to come.

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MEMORIAL DAY

Monday, May 29, 1989

Ira Veail Chapel

Steenbergen Cemetery

2:00 p.m.

MUSIC ..... Mt. Pulaski High School Band

WELCOME ... President Henry Buckles

POSTING OF COLORS ..... American Legion Post #447

INVOCATION .... Rev. Don Hatfield

MUSIC..... Kay Ayers

ORGANIST..... John Buckles

ADDRESS..... Col. Lowell Bohn

DEDICATION ..... Steenbergen Cemetery Assoc.

SALUTE TO FALLEN COMRADES

American Legion Post #447

VFW Post #777

BENEDICTION..... Rev. Don Hatfield

## One Hundred and Sixth Illinois Infantry

The One Hundred and Sixth was Logan County's own regiment. The report of the Adjutant General of the State commenting on this regiment says: "The rivalry created under the call for soldiers in July 1862, influenced the people of Logan County to endeavor to make up a complete regiment from the county, notwithstanding four full companies had before been enlisted in the county, and that their depleted ranks had been filled by recruits from the same. Within thirty days from July 15, eight companies were enlisted from the county when Company A from Sangamon and Company K from Menard made the regiment complete".

Below is a full roster of the Logan County companies:

## Field and Staff:

Colonels: Robert B. Latham, resigned April 28, 1864, succeeded by Lt. Col. Charles H. Miller.  
 Lieutenant Colonels: George H. Campbell and Charles H. Miller.  
 Majors: David Van Hise.  
 Adjutants: Charles H. Miller (promoted), Daniel L. Braucher.  
 Quartermasters: David Kern, Orlando W. Bassett.  
 Surgeons: Albert H. Lamphear, P. H. Ellsworth, William F. Roberts, Frederick H. Barker, A. M. Fellows.  
 Chaplain: Rev. Thornton K. Hedges.  
 Sergeant Majors: Henry Shriver, Jr. (died in service), George O. Beidler, Samuel Johnson, Benjamin F. Summers, George D. Dement.  
 Quartermaster Sergeants: Orlando W. Barrett, Daniel L. Braucher.  
 Commissary Sergeant: William S. Morse.  
 Hospital Stewards: James M. Thacker and Frederick H. Barker.  
 Musicians: William T. Lacey, George W. Dominique, James Parks, H. F. Lushbaugh.

## Company B

Captain: John K. Ashurst (died in service) Feb. 19, 1864, succeeded by Abram F. Risser (promoted from First Lieutenant).  
 First Lieutenant: Richard E. Turley (promoted)  
 Second Lieutenant: George A. Beidler.  
 Sergeants: Lewis Nicholson, Joseph W. Ewing, Hugh C. Girtman, Silas Frazier, George Mayer.  
 Corporals: John A. Allen, Conrad Starr, Daniel Handlin, Isaac Dement, John Parish, John Laux, James M. Allen, Isaac N. Dyer.  
 Musicians: J. L. Hall, H. F. Lushbaugh.  
 Wagoner: John Mann (died in service)  
 Privates: (\*died in service)

*James Bowman	Jacob Bedrow	Israel Dyer
Van Brauchears	William P. Blackwell	Edward Day
*Daniel Bowen	Jacob R. Beason	John Emmett
Riley Birks	Silas Clark	Samuel Emmett
John Bender	Thomas Curtis	J. M. Foster
Jeremiah Birks	William J. Crane	Henry Griggs
Christian Bienfeldt	Robert Copeland	*Thomas Gibson
Harmon Barlin	*Charles B. Copeland	Erastus Gasaway
A. X. Brauchears	William J. Crane	*John Gelse







Corporals: Benjamin F. Smith (promoted to Sergeant), James F. Russum (died in service), James W. Houser, William Cartwright (died in service), Warren L. Jones, Peter W. Houser, Wesley J. Martin, Josiah W. Summer.

Musicians: Thomas P. Stines (died in service), Lycurgus Mitchell.

Wagoner: George W. Douglas.

**Privates:**

Marion Ashley  
David Alsop  
Alonzo Applegate  
Ambrose Adams  
\*C. C. Beezley  
William J. Bowen  
\*William J. Burk  
James A. Burk  
(promoted to Corporal)  
Elias F. Carnahan  
\*Joseph H. Bruner  
Martin C. Carnahan  
Isaac Coffman  
Levi Coffman  
Joshua Coffman  
Alfred M. Clayton  
George W. Coffman  
\*Philip Clark  
John H. Davidson  
\*William H. Davison  
James F. Ewing  
Robert Ewing  
Amos Ewing

James M. Eddy  
\*Joseph P. Ellis  
William J. Ellis  
\*Spencer H. Gale  
\*Henry Hubbard  
Jesse A. Hawes  
Clark Howard  
Pendleton Howard  
John H. Jeffords  
John Kaveny  
\*B. B. Leighton  
William Moore  
\*John B. McFlinn  
Nelson F. Mormom  
\*James W. Meyers  
\*Montgomery Martin  
Richard F. Metcalf  
(promoted to Corporal)  
Cornelius Newall  
Alexander Norton  
James Norton  
James K. Orsler  
James B. Reynolds

Victor Reese  
\*Henry Ruble  
Jpse<sup>2</sup> J/ Ryan  
Jacob F. Russum  
Osaac F. Russman  
Philip H. Rundle  
\*John F. Stillhammer  
Elias C. Summers.  
William W. Simpson  
William Swagger  
John Shields  
Thomas A. Scribner  
Elijah Stewart  
Harrison Swagger  
John Sides  
William H. Smith  
Daniel D. Throop  
James Vance  
Levi Vance  
William Wilson  
\*Henry Wilde  
Lindsay Zollars

**Recruits:**

Samuel F. Ash  
Reuben B. Ewing  
Sidney Ewing  
John R. Gilchrist  
Richard Monnett

Warrick Montgomery  
Joseph C. Perry  
William H. Reynolds  
William H. Stewart  
Francis Scales

Elihu B. Smith  
Absalom Vance  
John B. Wilcox  
D. Zollars

**Company G**

Captains: Benjamin Williams (died in service), Isaac L. Bowman, Christopher T. Robinson.

First Lieutenants: Isaac L. Bowman (promoted), Henry Roach.

Second Lieutenants: James F. Bell, Christopher T. Robinson (promoted), Henry Roach (promoted), Hiram Pierce.

Sergeants: Christopher T. Robinson (promoted), Moses Gleason, James M. Maltby (died in service), John Fitzgerald, Thomas Young.

Corporals: Charles Thompson, John Bha<sup>2</sup> (promoted to Sergeant), Wiley Buckles, William B. Pettit (promoted to Sergeant), Stephen A. Mories, Henry Roach (promoted to Lieutenant), J. M. Yelton, James T. Rogers.



\*Harvey F. Bogess  
\*Pius Bowman  
Louis Bernard  
Louis Bird  
\*John Brinker  
Joseph M. Clark  
\*William A Cook  
Oliver Curry  
Eugene Deeter  
\*Frederick Ergenbrodt  
John Elliott  
Joseph Gale  
Gottlieb Geisert  
John Gardner  
Joseph M. Harney  
\*Max Huber  
Peter Hendrickson  
William O. Harrington

John Houston  
\*Henry Hess  
Ezekiel Johnson  
David Johnson  
P.C. Koscialowski  
\*Julius Kazinsky  
\* S. Kuhn  
William T. Lacey  
James McEntree  
George W. Morris  
John McElwain  
Michael Magee  
(promoted to Corporal)  
William Oliver  
Joseph Pierce  
George Pfiel  
\*Richard Rosevear  
\*Henry Routson

Mathew Rentschler  
William H. Rigdon  
Peter Rupp  
John A. Shugart  
Cornelius Southern  
\*William Small  
James Thacker  
\*David Morris  
Alfred Weldack  
William T. Watson  
Charles Weller  
Frederick Winkoop  
John Wolcott  
John E. Worley  
Gottlieb Widelich  
John J. Waggoner  
Warren Womeldorf

#### Recruits:

Samuel W. Bacon  
Andrew Everly  
Henry Free  
John Foster

Norman Ingram  
E. L. Houchins  
Charles McLain  
Gottlieb Shuyter

George W. Thomas  
James R. Thomas

#### Company I

Captain: John Shockey  
First Lieutenant: Culver Staggers  
Second Lieutenant: John A. Morris  
Sergeants: Daniel Shockey, Martin Buzzard, Dabid Keckler, Alexander Downing,  
Henry Morris.  
Corporals: William Powell, Alexander Cameron, Reuben T. Rogers, Jenkins Wilson,  
Cornelius McCue, Samuel Johnston, (promoted Sgt. Major), Lewis  
M. Dement, John Welsh.  
Musician: John J. Crandall.  
Wagoner: J. J. Harper.

#### Privates:

Simon Anstine  
(promoted to Corporal)  
Alvin Buzzard  
\*Adam Beck  
Abraham Burns  
Garret E. Constant  
(promoted to Corporal)  
Solomon B. Cook  
William A. Darby  
James Dennison  
David Eisiminger  
Ephraim S. Farnam  
Hiram M. Green

\*Martin Gehr  
George Gribbin  
Stephen E. Gibson  
Thomas G. Gardner  
Edward Gibson  
David F. Hubbard  
John E. Hood  
John Jardine  
(promoted to Corporal)  
Adam Jardine  
J. P. Knickerbocker  
William C. Keyes  
Walter B. Lawrence  
(promoted to Corporal)

Joseph Moore  
Jacob F. Montgomery  
(promoted to Corporal)  
Mathew Mason  
James H. Mileham  
\*Henry C. Murphy  
Horace F. Miller  
Jonathan Mathews  
Uriah McDonald  
John J. Moore  
(promoted to Corporal)  
\*William J. McNeal  
Theodore Nicodemus





# Combined

# ATLASES

Logan County Genealogical and Historical Society  
Post Office Box 283  
Lincoln, Illinois 62656

MR. & MRS. OMER HENRICHSMEYER  
817 DECATUR ST.  
LINCOLN ILL. 62656

## 1839 ----- A Celebration of Logan County ----- 1989

Since the beginning they have come from all walks of life representing all races and nationalities of people. Some were wealthy. Others were poor. Ages were represented by the old and the spirited young. However, they all had one thing in common as they settled in Logan County over the past 150 years—a dream. A dream— that they might own a piece of land and the lives of their children would be better than that which they had themselves. That dream became the legacy left behind throughout the economic, political, and social development of Logan County.

**AS A CELEBRATION OF THAT DREAM 1839-1989** — The Logan County Genealogical and Historical Society is sponsoring **REPRINT COPIES OF THE 1873, 1893, and 1910 LOGAN COUNTY ATLASES** — all combined into one volume.



for student; \$15.00 for contributing membership; and Life Membership \$100.00. Please enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope for your membership card. Yearly dues are from Jan. 1 through Dec. 31. DUES NOW DUE FOR 1990. MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION on last page of Quarterly.

We welcome your Bible and church records, school and court records, family records, and stories, also your ancestor charts. Anyone who has any material they would like to submit for our next Quarterly--Jan., 1990--please send to Viola Richert, R.R. 1, Box 40, Beason, IL 62512. Back issues of Quarterlies are \$2.00.

#### LIBRARIAN

Our Society library is in the home of our Librarian, Lucille Henrichsmeyer, 817 Decatur St., Lincoln, Ill. 62656, Phone (217) 732-4435. She has a microfiche reader with microfiche of Illinois Marriages and the Joseph Brown Turner collection from Delaware which includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, N. Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, and Virginia. Also, she has Quarterlies from our Society and other Societies in and out of state, and some books.

The library facilities are available to all members Wednesday afternoons from 2 to 5 P.M. Also, the material available may be used at other times by phoning Lucille for an appointment. It is hoped members will use this material in their research. Please give Lucille a call.

#### CONFERENCES

- Oct. 19 Logan Co. Gen. & Hist. Soc.--Salad and sandwich lunch at 6 P.M. at Senior Citizens Center; Ray Gooldy, Ye Olde Genealogy Shop, new book display and program on "Church Records and Genealogy".
- 27-28 Ill. State Gen. Soc.--21st Annual Fall Conference, Holiday Inn-Crowne Plaza, 3000 Warrenville Road, Lisle, Ill. 60532. Main speaker is William H. Schoeffler.
- 26 Logan Co. Gen. & Hist. Soc.--Beginning Workshop 7 to 9 P.M. at Oasis, Senior Citizens Center, Lincoln--Emily McElhaney and Virginia Johnson, speakers.
- Nov. 18 Logan Co. Gen. & Hist. Soc.--Beginning Workshop 10 to 12 A.M. at Lincoln Public Library, Lincoln--Donna Pegram, speaker.
- Dec. Third session to be announced at Nov. 18 workshop.

#### NEW MEMBERS

We welcome the following new members:

BALES, Grace D., 1829 Cherry Road, Springfield, Ill. 62704  
COPPER, Mrs. Norma S., 530 Fourth Ave., Apt. I, Baraboo, Wis. 53913  
RANSON, Mrs. Gillette M., P.O. Box 108, Elkhart, Ill. 62634

#### REINSTATED

MARDIS, Mrs. Sheila R., 110 S. Vine St., Mt. Pulaski, Ill. 62548  
MAUS, Gregory & ERLNBUSH, Pamela, 103 S. Spring St., Mt. Pulaski, Ill. 62548  
SHELLHAMMER, Mrs. Sandra S., German Prairie Farms, Illiopolis, Ill. 62539

#### CHANGE OF NAME OR ADDRESS

HILL, Mrs. Thelma C., 12251 E. Washington Blvd., Heritage Park Apartments, Whittier, Cal. 90606  
Decatur Genealogical Society, P.O. Box 1548, Decatur, Ill. 62525-1548  
MONTGOMERY, Mrs. Kenneth (Bernadine), R.R. 1, Box 251, Lincoln, Ill. 62656  
STEPHENS, Mrs. Waneta, 410 N. Lafayette, Mt. Pulaski, Ill. 62548

Please notify Asst. Editor Viola Richert of any errors or changes in name or address.

#### NEWS OF MEMBERS

CONGRATULATIONS to Virginia Johnson, Lincoln, who won a first place award in creative writing during art committee competition at the Chester Woman's Club.

CONGRATULATIONS to Cindy Clay who was married Oct. 21 to Paul Edward Welch at Funks Grove Chapel.

CONGRATULATIONS to Joe and Dorothy Gleason, R.R. 3, Lincoln, on the occasion of their 40th wedding anniversary in Oct.

CONGRATULATIONS to Waneta Milner, Mt. Pulaski, who was married in July to Thomas A. Stephens.

#### NOMINATING COMMITTEE REPORT

Lester Wickline, Chairman of the Nomination Committee, with Dorothy Gleason and Ruth Musick, present the slate of potential officers to be presented for election at the regular meeting of the Society on Nov. 20th.

President - Virginia Johnson

1st Vice-President and Program Chairman - \_\_\_\_\_

2nd Vice-President and Membership Chairman - Dorothy Gleason

Recording Secretary - Lucille Henrichsmeyer

Corresponding Secretary - Mildred Wickline

Treasurer - Jane Whiteman

Directors - Paul Gleason, Emily McElhaney, and Lester Wickline

Though the Committee present these members as potential officers, there is always an opportunity to make nominations from the floor. New officers will be installed in Nov. at the Annual Meeting.

#### QUERIES

We invite anyone to place a query in our Quarterly. Queries are free to our Society members, as space permits, and for non-members there is a fee of \$1.00. Please enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope for a REPLY.

Mrs. Norma S. COPPER, 530 Fourth Ave., Apt. I, Baraboo Wis. 53913, is researching the following surnames: PRIMM, RANKIN, SNYDER, and KRAFT.

CORRECTION: At the top of page 91, Vol. XI, No. 3, July, 1989, in the second column, the names "Ezekiel Johnson" and "David Johnson" should be spelled "Johnston".

Submitted by Sandy Johnston Palumbo, 4738 Cafe Avenida, Bonita, CA 92002

#### PIONEER CERTIFICATES

Pioneer Certificates are now available from Logan County Genealogical and Historical Society. If an ancestor of yours lived in Logan County any time from its beginning up to and including 1880, then you are eligible for a certificate (you need not have ever lived in Logan County). The Certificates are \$5.00 each printed on parchment-look paper. Proof your ancestor lived in Logan County can include county records, marriage licenses, death certificates, county histories, Bible records, cemetery records, census records, etc. Each generation must be proved. A common mistake is lack of proof that the ancestor was in the County. Be sure to include everything and follow directions. To obtain an application, enclose SASE. Write: Logan County Genealogical & Historical Society, Attn. Pioneer Certificate, P.O. Box 283, Lincoln, Ill. 62656.

## EARLY SCHOOLS

The first schools in Logan County, as in all other sections of Illinois, were private subscription schools and were known as "pay schools", each patron paying a certain amount for each scholar, the subscription being usually graded by the branches taught. The teachers of that day were, as a general thing, an itinerant class. However, as a rule, they were excellent teachers and were kindly remembered by their pupils.

The first school houses were very simple. Like most other buildings of the time, they were usually made of unhewn logs. For windows, a log was cut out of the sides at a suitable place, and the opening covered with greased paper, instead of glass, to admit the light. The floor was sometimes bare earth, at other times rough hewn puncheons. A large fireplace, having a chimney made of small slats of wood and large lumps of mud, furnished the means for supplying heat. The door was hung on wooden hinges. The seats were made of slab of wood, supported by wooden legs inserted in holes bored with a large auger. Wide slabs fastened to the walls served the purpose of writing desks.

The first school teacher to teach in Logan County was Erastus Wright, and he taught at James Latham's house in Elkhart Grove during the winter of 1821-1822. He came from an old line New England family, was born January 21, 1779 in Massachusetts and went with his family to Vermont, when he was three years old. In the spring of 1821, he and his brother Charles, started west. They travelled as best they could, first to Buffalo, New York, then to Fort Dearborn (Chicago), coming down the Illinois to where now stands La Salle. They descended the Illinois River to Fort Clark (now Peoria, Illinois), then to James Latham's, and then to Springfield, where he taught for a few days. Erastus Wright was then a part of the new county of Sangamon.

The first school house built in Logan County is said to have been built on Lake Fork near John Turner's. It was a log building. Pegs were inserted in the logs on one side of the room on which a long board was placed and on this the pupils learned to write, standing during the exercise. The seats were of slabs with legs sufficiently high to keep the feet of the smaller ones from the floor, while the older ones were in an equally awkward position from the seats being too low. Webster's Elementary Spelling Book and the Testament were the principal books used. The former was the established authority on orthography, and it was considered an honor, attained by few, to be able to spell correctly all of the words in that book. Many of the old settlers delighted to narrate their experiences in those early "spelling bees" and looked back at them with pride and pleasure. Some of the few scattered settlements in those days could not afford to employ a teacher and so were compelled to do without, or send their children through the timber or across the prairie to another school. Some were sent at a distance of six to nine miles, walking the entire distance, morning and night of each day.

John Buckles, who came to Logan County with his parents in 1822, in describing the log school house, which he attended in his early days, said, in 1897: "The building was one in which today the farmer would not store his implements. Floor or desks they had none and chairs and stools were unknown, but instead they used logs for benches, the ground for a floor, and their knees served as desks. Arithmetic was the only subject thought fit for a boy; but for the girl, this study was considered useless and so she was never allowed to waste her valuable time in that direction."

In a letter written to the Logan County Old Settlers Association in 1878, Charles S. Capps thus described one of the early school houses which was located on Salt Creek, north of the present city of Mt. Pulaski, and which is known to the early settlers to this day as "Brush College".

"It was a primitive structure; not a particle of iron, glass or sawed lumber used in its construction; it was built of logs, with the cracks daubed with mud; the rood was of clapboards, kept in place by weight poles which were pinned fast to the wall; the door was of clapboard and had wooden hinges and a wooden lock, with a buckskin latch string hanging out. Logs had been left out of each side for windows. These openings were dressed smooth with an axe, and perpendicular pieces of wood set in at intervals of ten or twelve inches for sash. On these were pasted paper, which was greased to make it more transparent. The desks were of hewed

puncheon, set slanting on pins, driven into the wall under the windows. The seats were made of puncheons, or slabs, hewed out with an axe, with wooden pins for legs. We sat with our backs to the teacher so as to face the light and the desks. The floor was made of puncheon; the chimney was made of sticks and mud, the jambs reaching about half-way to the dirt hearth inside, and the hearth was large enough to hold a quarter of a cord of wood. In cold weather a large fire was kept up, built against a huge back-log and the latter required the united strength of the master and pupils to put it in place. Mr. Hackney, father of Jacob Hackney, was our first teacher. I recall as schoolmates the Downings, Pattersons, Parks, Fletcher, Morrow, Allen, Jackson, Harry and Laughery boys and girls".

The oldest school document extant, having reference to educational matters in what is now Logan County, and in fact the oldest official Logan County document of any kind, for it antedates the formation of the county, is a petition for the sale of certain school lands in township seventeen, range two west. This petition recites that the "subscribers are white male inhabitants, over the age of twenty-one years", it is dated August 18, 1834, and is signed with the quill pen signatures of the following well known pioneers in what was known as the Lake Fork country: Carter SCROGGIN, Rile BIRKS; Champney PENDLETON, John LUCAS, Abraham L. MANN, John McGEE. James POWERS, Jesse LUCAS, Abraham LUCAS, John TURNER, Charles BARNEY, John D. COPELAND, Elijah FRIEND, Lewis BARNEY, Luther BARNEY, John VASHOD, GEORGE GIRTMAN, Solomon BLUE, and Barnabas M. BLUE. The document was acknowledged before Thomas Moffett, Justice of the Peace, and endorsed by William Copeland, Jeremiah Birks and Carter Scroggin, trustees.

A similar petition from the congressional township in which Middletown was and is now located, bearing the date June 27, 1836, is verified by the oaths of John Deskins and Alexander Ewing and was acknowledged before Peter Price, Justice of the Peace. Still another, dated August 19, 1841, contains the signatures of school patrons in what is now Atlanta township, then a part of DeWitt county, was verified by Samuel Bevan and Noah Snedaker and acknowledged before J. P. Dunham, Justice of the Peace.

#### EARLY TEACHERS

Among the earliest teachers in the county were Thomas R. Skinner and William Copeland, both of whom taught in the Buckles neighborhood. Mr. Skinner was afterwards County Surveyor and later County Judge. He died in 1857. William Copeland, best known as "Uncle Billy", was one of the early settlers. The school house in which they taught possessed a single door and no window, light and air coming

through the cracks between the logs. Some of the pupils were John Buckles, Mart Turley, Isom Birks, Amelia Cass and Leonard Scroggin. Hiram Bowman was an early teacher and came from Ohio in the thirties. He also preached at times, teaching and preaching in the Atlanta neighborhood. William Hackney taught at "Brush College" on Salt Creek in 1836. He was the first School Commissioner of Logan County, serving from 1839 to 1841. John W. Hawes taught in what is now Eminence township in 1834, coming from Kentucky in that year. Samuel Briggs was one of the first teachers in Postville and succeeded Mr. Hackney as Commissioner in 1841. Eliza W.S. Hood was probably the first lady teacher in the county. She taught in what is now Aetna township. Contemporaries were Sanford Turley, B. W. Starr and William Stallings. Mr. Stallings was especially noted as a penman and records still exist, made by him with a quill pen in the peculiar handwriting of early days resemble copper plate.

Well known early teachers were Silas R. Alexander, John M. McIntosh and Michael Finfrock. These, with Sarah Robinson, taught in what is now Mt. Pulaski, Laenna and Lake Fork townships. Other teachers in the early forties were Andrew P. Waring, John E. Dougherty, Hiram H. Hedrick, John Buckles, William Rankin, Thos. Paris, William H. Young, Ira Wakefield, John Medcalf, Alonzo Davis, Clark Privin, Caroline A. Higgins, David P. Bunn, Samuel C. Parks and E. Dutch.

The earliest school schedule extant in the county is one made out by Silas R. Alexander, teacher, on October 6, 1841, of a school taught by him "being situated on the premises of G. W. Turley." Another Mt. Pulaski school schedule, still in existence, was made out by Michael Finfrock, teacher, December 9, 1842, and a third schedule made out by David P. Bunn, teacher, December 28, 1845, and filed with James Primm, School Commissioner at the time.

A schedule, dated December 31, 1845, is certified to as being correct by J. M. McIntosh, teacher. It was of a school "kept" by him in what is now Lake Fork township, in the school room adjacent to John Juston. The names of the scholars were: Elizabeth Levins, J. J. and Louisa Huston, James Huston, Sr. and James Huston, Jr, William Mann, James, Lydia and Hannah Turner, James, Kitty, W.R. and C. T. Robinson. The term reported began Monday, October 20, 1845, and ended Wednesday, December 31, fifty-one days. The greatest number of days attended by any one pupil was forty-two days. The remainder averaged about one-half or one-quarter of the time. The report is certified by John L. Mann, David Sims and John Bigger, directors.

Another schedule in existence shows a school taught by Clark Provine in the same township, from January 1 to February 15, 1845. The pupils were James, Betsey, Mary J., Lavina, Louisa and Emily Huston, James and Lydia Turner, Vanderman, Frank Olin, Jane and George Friend, Newton Dyer, Anna and Cynthia Provin, Richard, W.;;oa, Eliza, Sarah, Robert and F. M. Martin, John, Hannah and David Sims, and Sarah, Minerva and Allen Lucas. The certificate, signed by Thomas Lucas, Elijah Friend and Drury Martin, trustees, set forth that "at a meeting of the employers of Clark Provine, the above names teacher, held at the school house, on the fifth day of December pursuant to notice, we were duly appointed trustees of said school, and we have performed the duties of such trustees, and that the names of the scholars names thereinwere, at the dates of their attendance, residents of the township as therein set forth, and that there was due said teacher the sum of twelve dollars and fifty cents in township seventeen and in township eighteen seven dollars and fifty cents. Thirteen dollars a month was the average teacher's wage.

An early Elkhart school schedule shows the date of October 6, 1845, the school beginning April 20, 1845 and ending August 7, 1845, amount due to Samuel C.









and Charles Capps; Sally Carlock; James Sims; Margaret Clark and Mary J. Crockett.

About 1844, a frame school house was built. The court house was built in 1848. After the removal of the county seat from Mt. Pulaski to Lincoln, the court house building was "donated" to the city to be used for school purposes. Henry Vonderleith, Geo. W. Turley and Jabez Capps were names trustees. The first teacher in the "new" school house is said to have been John Kent.

In 1877 a new school organization put schools under supervision of a local Board of Education. Property was purchased and a new grade school building erected two blocks east of the public square. The corner stone was laid September 4, 1877, with appropriate addresses by Major M. Wemple and Rev. L. M. Robinson. The school directors were George Huck, Dr. Frank D. Cass and John M. Tomlinson. The school opened in January 1878.

Teachers in the Mt. Pulaski schools in the eighties were: George W. Cominque; T. McGrath; Wl. H. Derby; G. W. Monroe; P. T. Nichols; Mrs. M. E. George; Mrs. Kate P. Seyfer; F. E. Dyer; Eva Lord; America Robinson; C. Starck; Mrs. R. F. Beidler; Lou Barkley; Mrs. T. H. Mattfeldt; Grace Snyder; Cora Turnbull; Anna Tutwiler; Julia Robinson, Will Schone; Lizzie Graham; Louise Hayes; Anna Martin; Inez Mathews; Louise Meyer; Fred Clark; Hanna Seick and Alice Osburn.

Among the teachers in the nineties were: William Miner; S. A. Edwards; T. L. Cook; Mrs. Kate Seyfer; Mrs. Anna Beidler; Mrs. Wlinor Miner; Julia Robinson; Anna Tutwiler; Inez Mathews; Lucy Tutwiler; Flora Davis; Kate Rentschler; Estelle Snyder; Cora Gasaway; Magda Meyers; Nellie Waddell; Margaret J. Toomey; Kate L. Brown; Elizabeth Perkins; Cleo Hickman; Francis Wacaser; Alice Williams; Mattie Wilson; Nettie Rigdon; Nellie Van Orman and Francis Guttery.

#### LINCOLN COLLEGE

Lincoln University, as it was formerly known, was organized by the Indiana, Illinois and Iowa synoda of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. Ground was broken on February 12, 1865, and the corner stone laid on September 14, 1865. On April 23, 1901, the name was changed to Lincoln College.

(All of the information concerning Logan County schools was taken from HISTORY OF LOGAN COUNTY, by Lawrence B. Stringer, 1911)

#### MEMORIES OF BRIGGS SCHOOL

It was in September, 1919, when I entered first grade in Briggs School, District # 71, Logan County, Illinois, with Miss Myrtle Fisher, teacher. My parents, my younger brother Russell and I had just moved to the farm owned (and previously occupied) by my maternal grandparents, Tom and Kate Russell (Thomas Moore and Catherine Eury Russell). His farm was located 3/4 miles south of Rocky Rord on Salt Creek in Broadwell Township, and the schoolhouse, a brick structure, was another 3/4 mile farther south, and on the east side of the road. My parents had both attended this school, my mother graduating from tenth grade in 1901, and my father was two years ahead of her. I believe that my grandmother Kate had also attended school there briefly. During the period when my parents were in school, the frame school house burned and was replaced by a brick structure.

To continue: In the following eight years, in heat, cold, snow, or lovely

weather, through mud and dust I trudged that 3/4 mile. My brother began three years later and there were a number of neighbor children who also walked north from school from the total student body of about twenty to thirty students, who were in all eight grades.

This school, heated by a big furnace at one end of the room, during bitter cold weather never got warm at the other end of the room all day. During the night the fire would go out, and we might find our ink frozen the next morning. The teacher's duties included carrying in coal and cobs to burn and keeping the furnace going. Outdoor toilets and a well east of the building took the place of what we all feel we must have nowadays. Each pupil carried his or her lunch in various types of lunch buckets - from one made specifically for that to a gallon Karo syrup bucket. Around the walls of the school room was the standard equipment of a one-room country school: the slate blackboards all across the front of the room, with eraser and chalk trays; above it, the examples of the Palmer Method of Writing, each letter in capitals and small - white writing against a black background; a map case with roll down maps, which didn't always function as it should; portraits of George Washington and Abraham Lincoln; "Sir Galahad and his Horse"; "The Gleaners" and "The Angelus"; and a couple of bookcases....There was a pump organ - later a piano, which some teachers could not play, and as I grew up, I was the pianist for the opening song when the teacher couldn't play. There was always a special program of carols, "pieces" and plays before Christmas vacation, after which Santa Claus would appear and distribute treats from the teacher to each child. Another program at the end of April marked the close of school, which let out by May 1.

Furniture: A teacher's desk in front, with a long recitation bench before it, to which each class was called when it was time to recite. The pupils' were fastened down in long straight rows to the floor which was bare and oiled each fall. The desks were of graduated sizes, with each unit consisting of a seat which would fold up against the back rest, which formed the front of the desk behind, to which was attached the desk top and shelf for books of the next pupil behind. In the top of each desk was a round hole into which an ink well fitted, and there was a groove to hold pencils and pens. Pens, of course, were steel-points fitted into a pen holder, with points being replaceable.

Of course, there was no electricity and despite tall windows on both sides of the room, on a dark winter day, it was not an ideal lighting situation. Games played during recesses and noon hours included: Andy-over, dare base, tag, shinny, New York (a form of charades), fox and goose (when snow was on the ground), and once in a while baseball.

The teacher might board with a neighborhood family, or drive a car when the roads were good, or as Mrs. Emma Jane Miller did, drive her horse about 7 miles from her home in Coonsburg. Teachers at Briggs School during the years I was there: 1919-20 - Myrtle Fisher; 1920-22 - Marie Tompkins (later Mrs. Henry Mohler); 1922-24 - Mrs. Emma Jane Miller (who had taught my parents years earlier); 1924-25 - Allie Mae Lozier (later Thompson); 1925-26 - Mrs. Mabel Stone; 1936-27 - Aileen Keckler (later Mrs. George Seggelke). Each class was given about 10 minutes time per subject with the teacher. How is it that despite the lack of equipment and teacher's attention that pupils left that school able to read, write and spell, and quote some of the good classical poetry???????

To this narrative I must add: The Briggs School building was the home for a Methodist Sunday School and Church for about 50 years. On alternate Sundays, the preacher, whose home was in Elkhart, would come to Broadwell for morning service,



"Young Amazon", drawn in two acts by Frank and Lina Samd, Joe Bowles, Flora Hudson and Albert Muldoon. For a first effort, and considering that most of the children were quite young, some being less than six years, it was a gratifying time for all interested. Mr. Bowles retires with the best and kindest wishes of the school and patrons, not forgetting the directors, Moses Payne, Ed. Copeland and James Poe.

Among the many present were Uncle "Jim" Buckles and family, Carter T. Scroggin and family, Miller and John B. Copeland families, William R.; Sams and family;

David Birks, N. N. Hudson, James Muldoon, Abner Copeland, J. R. Brown, Albert Copeland, Samuel and Eli Harbert, Barney Hunter, Dorrell Ridgeway, Ode Turley, Daniel Handlin, George Whitesides families: Rev. T. T. Holton, of Lincoln, Miss Callie Burroughs and Mrs. Mary Bouroff, of Atlanta, the latter assisting her brother with the music.

The night was beautiful, and although the tickets were sold to an open-air audience, no dead beats appeared, nor did any annoyance occur to mar the pleasant evening.

(This item was taken from Mt. Pulaski news printed in the July 27, 1876 issue of the LINCOLN HERALD, Lincoln, Illinois)

\*\*\*\*\*

Samuel A. Lacock, born in Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, September 15, 1835, taught school at the Copeland school house on Lake the winter of 1856-57.

\*\*\*\*\*

The location of the first school on Lake Fork, near John Turner's, was in what was later Township 17, Range 2. (Now the present Mt. Pulaski Township).

E. H. Lukenbill, Co. Supt. of Scjpp;s

\*\*\*\*\*

A school petition, dated June 27, 1836, names Barry Baughan, as an early settler around Middletown, also Joseph Pence, John Pence, John Hedrick, Samuel G. Martin and John Martin.

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#### PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

July: This was our annual picnic at Kickapoo Park in Lincoln. A lovely place and a most enjoyable time.

August: Mr. Karl Moore, Springfield, Illinois, spoke on the IRAD facilities and their use, with a slide presentation.

September: Mr. Harold Witzig, Morton, Illinois, spoke on Amish life and customs, also on the Apostolic Christian Church in America.

October: This was our annual visit to the Logan County Court House. We visited the Circuit Clerk's office and examined records in that office.

November: This will be our annual dinner meeting, election and installation of new officers and drawing for the beautiful quilt to be given away. Mr. Eldon Behle, Elkhart, Illinois, will be the speaker for the program.







JOHN, NATURALIZATION RECORDS CONTINUED

- BEHRENS, John--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 293  
Date Attested to- October 25, 1860
- BEHRENS, Peter--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 59  
Date Subscribed to- March 16, 1869  
Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 230  
Date of Order- September 22, 1876
- BEIHLER, Danis--Declaration of Intention on October 10, 1864  
SEE ORIGINAL ONLY
- BEITZELBERGER, Gotfried--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 111  
Date of Order- October 13, 1864 SEE ORIGINAL
- BEKKER, Hanke W. --Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 107  
Date Subscribed to- October 31, 1892
- BELASKI, Joe--Petition for Final Papers, Oath of Witnesses & Oath of Allegiance  
and Final Certificate on November 8, 1904 SEE ORIGINAL ONLY
- BELL, Thomas--Declaration of Intention, Oath & Court Order on  
October 1, 1858 SEE ORIGINAL ONLY
- BELL, William B.--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 133  
Date Subscribed to- April 6, 1897  
Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 206  
Date Attested to- April 6, 1899 SEE ORIGINAL
- BENEHUTDOD, Constantinos L. (SEE BENNIS, Gus L.)  
Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 163 and Page 258  
Age- 25 Date of Birth- January 8, 1892  
Place of Birth- Sanga, Greece. Date Subscribed- April 4, 1917  
Also in Petition and Record, Volume 3, Page 100, and Volume 4, Page 36
- BENGES, Andrew--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 217  
Date of Order- January 20, 1876
- DENNETT, John Wolfe--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 72  
Date Attested to- February 16, 1880. SEE ORIGINAL DECLARATION OF INTENTION  
AND FINAL PAPERS
- BENNIS, Gus L. (Formerly BENEHUTSOS or BENEHUTDOD, CONSTANTINO L.)  
Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 47275, Page 13  
Age 35 Date of Order- June 7, 1926
- BENNIS, John--Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 47275, Page 12  
Petition and Record, Volume 4, Page 33  
Date of Birth- March 28, 1881, Place of Birth- Sanga, Greece  
Date Subscribed to- September 15, 1925
- BENNIS, Steve Leo--Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 6898, Page 11  
Age 28 years, 8 months, Date of Order- January 16, 1911  
Declaration of Intention, Volume 1, Page 11  
Date of Birth- May 22, 1882--Place of Birth- Sanga, Demoz  
Also in Petition and Record, Volume 2, Page 12



NATURALIZATION RECORDS CONTINUED

- BERGOLD, Peter--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 174  
 Date Filed- January 14, 1878  
 Final Record of Naturalization- Volume 1, Page 248  
 Date filed- January 20, 1880
- BERNARD, Jean--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 265  
 Date Filed- August 29, 1887
- BERNDT, Carl John--Record of Declaration of Intention, Volume 3, Page 26  
 Age- 50, Date of Birth- February 9, 1879  
 Place of Birth- Pollnitz, Germany  
 Date Filed- June 29, 1929
- BERNGES, Andrew--Declaration of Intention- Volume A, Page 54  
 Date Filed- October 19, 1868
- BERNHARDT, Andrew Moe--Record of Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 203  
 Age- 33, Date of Birth- October 12, 1884  
 Place of Birth- Copenhagen, Denmark  
 Date Filed- June 27, 1918
- BERRY, Daniel--Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 45  
 Age- 22, Date of Birth- May 30, 1890  
 Place of Birth- Bolton, England  
 Date Filed- October 15, 1912
- BERTONI, Alessandr--Record of Declaration of Intention, Volume 3, Page 16  
 Age- 37, Date of Birth- September 7, 1891  
 Place of Birth- Vergemoli, Italy  
 Date Filed- March 27, 1928
- BERTONI, Rinaldo--Record of Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 51, and  
 Petition and Record, Volume 3, Page 28 and Page 36  
 Age- 34, Date of Birth- June 8, 1883  
 Place of Birth- Cardoso, Italy  
 Also in Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 19579, Page 27  
 Date Filed- January 21, 1918
- BERTRAM, Christopher--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 96  
 Date Filed- October 13, 1864 (SEE ORIGINAL)
- BERTSCHE, John--Declaration of Intention- Volume A, Page 175  
 Date Filed- June 1, 1878 (SEE ORIGINAL)  
 Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 103  
 Date Filed- November 1, 1880
- BEUTER, Frederick--Naturalization Reco d- Soldiers & Minors  
 Volume B, Page 566. Date Filed- March 8, 1880
- BIANCHI, Gino Alfonso--Petition and Record, Volume 2, Page 24  
 Certificate of Naturalization, Volume 6898, Page 18  
 Age- 23 years, 8 months, Date of Birth- August 31, 1888  
 Place of Birth- Florence, Italy  
 Date Filed- May 10, 1912 (SEE ORIGINAL)

NATURALIZATION RECORDS CONTINUED

- BIEBER, Gustav--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 78  
 Date Filed- October 3, 1888 (SEE ORIGINAL)  
 Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 292  
 Date Filed- October 20, 1890 (SEE ORIGINAL)
- BILLIG, Friedrich Wilhelm--Declaration of Intention  
 Volume A, Page 249 Date Filed- May 11, 1886
- BILSKI, Wowrzenos--Record of Declaration of Intention, Volume 2, Page 132  
 Age- 24. Date of Birth- November 10, 1891  
 Place of Birth- Zokliks, Russian, Poland  
 Date Filed- October 13, 1915
- BINDER, William--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 53  
 Date Filed- October 12, 1868 (SEE ORIGINAL)  
 Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 181  
 Date Filed- October 9, 1872
- BINKLE, Karl--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 255  
 Date Filed- November 3, 1886
- BIRLEY, Joseph--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 13  
 Date Filed- September 23, 1882 (SEE ORIGINAL)  
 Also, See Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 181  
 Date Filed- March 2, 1886
- BIRMINGHAM, Walter--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 67  
 Date Filed- March 10, 1879 (SEE ORIGINAL DECLARATION & FINAL PAPERS)
- BIRNBAUM, John--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 14  
 Date Filed- October 8, 1860  
 Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 154  
 Date Filed- October 21, 1868
- BISHOFF, Eugene--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume A, Page 327  
 Date Filed- October 17, 1892 (SEE ORIGINAL DECLARATION & LETTERS  
 OF WITNESSES AND FINAL PAPERS)
- BITTNER, Edward--Declaration of Intention, Volume A, Page 92  
 Date Filed- November 5, 1872
- BITZEN, Christian--Declaration of Intention, Filed- July 24, 1858  
 SEE ORIGINAL ONLY
- BJORKLAND, S. J. William--Final Record of Naturalization  
 Volume 1, Page 258. Date Filed- October 12, 1880
- BLACKLAW, John--Final Record of Naturalization, Volume 1, Page 46  
 Date Filed- September 19, 1860 (SEE ORIGINAL)

